

# The Avalanche

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

GRAYLING, MICHIGAN,  
O. PALMER,  
Editor and Proprietor.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.  
For One Year, \$2.00  
For Six Months, \$1.00  
For Three Months, \$0.50  
For One Month, \$0.15

## ONE OF WOMEN'S CHARMS.

Some of Reserve Said to Add Much to Attractiveness.

A woman, especially to be attractive, must preserve a sense of reserve; she must, so to speak, keep up a certain amount of mystery about herself. There is a folklore tale of a woman who, finding her married life unhappy, went to a white witch for a charm against the trouble. She received a flask filled with a colorless liquid, which she was directed to take and hold in her mouth whenever she was disposed to quarrel with her husband. She obeyed directions, and, delighted with the effect of the charm, went back to the witch for a fresh supply when that was exhausted. "The liquid was merely water," said the wise woman. "The virtue of the remedy consists simply in holding your tongue to keeping back angry answers." To adopt the rule, says Woman's Life, once given to a quishing girl by a friend who knew the world, "Never speak of yourself, and never say anything which is uncalled for," would at first seem likely to make Trappists of all the world; yet it is to be questioned whether, after all, the advice was not wise. There always are people who like to talk, whose favor is to be won by interested listening, and good listeners are rare.

## CHANCE FOR A HOME-RUN.

Schoolboy's Comment on Absence of Attraction of Gravitation.

A clever teacher, who has the power of calling out originality in her pupils, says that she would have no use for text books if she took time to answer all the startling questions asked in the classroom. One day the discussion of gravitation was under discussion when one of the boys said that he didn't see any need of it, anyway. "It seems to me," said he, "there's no particular use in having the earth attract things. Now, when the apple fell, and made Newton think out the reason for it, that apple might just as well have stayed where it was until somebody gathered it." "You play ball, don't you?" asked the teacher. "Well, suppose you knock the ball very high, what happens?" "It falls." "But if there were no attraction towards the earth, it wouldn't fall. Don't you think that might prove inconvenient?" "My!" cried the boy; "what a bully chance for a home-run!"

## Joined the Dead at Their Meal.

In the medical press is a story of a man who believed that he was dead and who for that reason refused to take any nourishment. "How can the dead eat and drink?" he asked, when food was pressed upon him. It was obvious that unless something were done to bring him to his senses the delusion must soon become actuality; he would die of starvation. The strangest ruse was tried. Half a dozen attendants, draped in ghostly white, crept silently in single file into the room adjoining his, and with the door open, sat down where he could see them to a hearty meal. "Here, you are these people?" inquired the patient. "Dead men," answered the doctor. "What?" said the other. "Do dead men eat?" "To be sure they do, as you see for yourself," was the answer. "Well," said the corpse, "if that is so, I'll join them, for I'm starving." The spell was broken, and he sat down and ate like a famished man.

## Eating Stew Through Straws.

Doing as my Indian friends did, I asked in my turn a chunk of mutton from the kettle and proceeded to eat it. How I was to get my share of the stew, however, I could not conceive, as licking one's fingers is a slow process and inadequately nourishing. On the floor table, however, was a pile of what looked like dark blue lead pencils. The governor took one, stuck it into the kettle and peacefully sucked until he was satisfied. It was simply sucking—not lemonade—but mutton stew, through a straw. Then he carefully proceeded to eat the straw. Sucking the stew through it had softened and flavored it for eating. I mastered the game at the first trial, writes Frederick Menden in the Craftsman, and from that time was a devoted adherent to piki bread, as well as to many other dishes and customs of my good friends, the Hopi.

## What More Could Be Asked?

"On the way down here from up home I saw your advertisement in the paper," said "Oxy" Hitchcock, as he entered the office of the New Notion company in his Sunday suit, his boots cracking at every step. "I'm here in the city to get work." "I hardly think you're just the man we need now," and the clerk in charge surveyed his caller with an unflattering gaze. "You spoke of wanting a young man with a good address," said "Oxy," in his loud, clear, district-school voice. "I guess Laneville, N. H., is as good as any you could find, and father has the only store in the place."—Youths' Companion.

## Quality of Trustworthiness.

People would try harder for trustworthiness if they knew how formidable a quality it is. When you know you can rely upon anyone, that whatever they undertake to do will be done, that you can really pass over a share of your load to them, you cannot help liking them. On the other hand, it does not matter how amiable men be if they are forgetful, if they are unpunctual, if they habitually neglect their duties, if they are sources of such annoyance that one's mind is apt to die out.—W. R.

# Crawford County Directory

O. PALMER,

VOLUME XXIX.

JUSTICE AND RIGHT.

GRAYLING, MICHIGAN, JULY 25, 1907.

Publisher and Proprietor

NUMBER 37.

## Crawford County Directory.

### COUNTY OFFICERS.

Sheriff..... Chas. W. Amidon  
Clerk..... Jan. J. Colten  
Register..... Stella W. Urlik  
Treasurer..... Wm. S. Chalker  
Prosecuting Attorney..... O. Palmer  
Judge of Probate..... W. H. Johnson  
Circuit Court Commissioner..... O. Palmer  
Surveyor..... A. E. Newman Jr.

### SUPERVISORS.

South Branch..... O. F. Barona  
Deer Creek..... Charles Silby  
Maple Forest..... Wm. S. Chalker  
Grayling..... John F. Hum  
Frederick..... C. Craven

### Village Officers.

President..... J. F. Hum  
Clerk..... Hans P. Olson  
Assessor..... Fred. Harris  
Treasurer..... Wm. S. Chalker  
Trustees: C. W. Amidon, R. D. Conline, Hans Petersen, C. Clark, L. Fournier, A. Kraus.

### Society Meetings.

Methodist Episcopal Church.  
Pastor Rev. E. W. Prasse. Preaching, 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Class meeting, 10 a. m. Bible school on the 2nd, 4th, 6th and 8th. Junior League, 2:45 p. m. Tuesday. Prayer Meeting, 7:30 p. m. Thursday.

### Presbyterian Church.

Regular church services at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School immediately after morning service. Y. P. S. C. at 6:30 p. m. Prayer meeting Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Rev. Frank Locker, Pastor.

### Methodist Protestant Church.

Rev. H. Cunningham, Pastor. Services as follows: Preaching 10:30 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sabbath school at 10 o'clock. a. m. Sunday 7 p. m. All are cordially invited to attend the above services.

### Danish Ev. Lutheran Church.

Rev. A. C. Kridger, Pastor. Services every Sunday at 10:30 a. m. Sunday school at 9 a. m.

### St. Mary's Catholic Church.

Services every first and third Sunday of the month. Confession on the 2nd, 4th, 6th and 8th. Sunday Mass at 10 o'clock. a. m. Sunday 7 p. m. All are cordially invited to attend the above services.

### Grayling Lodge No. 356 F. & A. M.

Meets every Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock. J. F. HUM, Secretary.

### Marvin Post No. 240 G. A. R.

Meets the second and fourth Tuesdays of each month. A. L. POND, Adjutant.

### Women's Relief Corps, No. 162.

Meets on the second and fourth Saturdays at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. Mrs. L. THURLEY, President.

### Grayling Chapter R. A. M. No. 120

Meets every third Tuesday in each month. M. A. BATES, Sec.

### Grayling Lodge I. O. O. F. No. 137

Meets every Tuesday evening. PETER BORCHERT, Sec.

### Crawford Tent, K. O. T. M. No. 192

Meets first and third Saturdays of each month. T. NOLAN, R. K.

### Grayling Chapter, O. E. S. No. 83

Meets Wednesday evening on or before the full moon. Mrs. J. H. BUCK, W. M.

### Court Grayling, I. O. F. No. 760

Meets second and last Wednesday of each month. A. W. HARRINGTON, C. R.

### Companion Court Grayling No. 652 I. O. F.

Meets the second and last Wednesday each month at G. A. R. Hall. ANNA E. HARRINGTON, R. S.

### Crawford Hive, 690, L. O. T. M. M.

Meets first and third Friday of each month. ENIMA AMOS, Lady Com.

### Garfield Circle, No. 16, Ladies of the G. A. R.

Meets the second and fourth Friday evening in each month. MRS. DELEVER SMITH, President.

### Grayling County Grange, No. 934

Meets at G. A. R. Hall, first and third Saturday of each month at 1 p. m. ELIZA BROT, Master.

### M. W. O. A. Camp No. 10428.

Meets alternate Thursday evenings at G. A. R. Hall. E. G. CLARK, V. C.

### Grayling Rebekah Lodge No. 352 I. O. O. F.

Meets every Monday evening. ANNA EISENHART, Sec.

### Grayling Lodge 473 I. B. of M. of U. E.

Meets 2nd and last Thursday of each month. W. K. CALLARD, Sec. and Treas.

### S. N. INSLEY, M. D., Physician and Surgeon.

Office hours: 9 to 11 a. m. 2 to 4 p. m. 7 to 9 p. m. Residence, Pennant Ave., opposite G. A. R. Hall.

### H. H. MERRIMAN, M.D., Physician and Surgeon.

Office at Opera House. Night calls at office.

### C. C. WESCOTT, DENTIST.

GRAYLING, MICHIGAN.

Office—Over Alexander's Law Office, on Michigan Avenue.

Office hours—8 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 5 p. m.

### GEO. L. ALEXANDER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, ETC.

Plas Lands Bought and Sold on Commission.

Non-Residents' Lands Looked After.

GRAYLING, MICHIGAN.

Office on Michigan Avenue, first door east of the Bank.

### O. PALMER, Attorney at Law and Notary.

Practicing Attorney for Crawford County.

THE INSURANCE

## SUNDAY EXCURSION July 28

(Returning same day)

—TO—

Mackinaw City

\$1.35

Mackinac Island

\$1.85

Special train leaves 6:30 a. m.

FOR PARTICULARS CONSULT

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

TICKET AGENTS.

Sale of State Tax Land.

MICHIGAN STATE LAND OFFICE

Lansing, July 20, 1907.

Notice is hereby given that the following described abandoned tax lands situate in Crawford County, deeded to the state by the Auditor General under the provision of Sec. 127, Act 206 of the public acts of 1893, and acts amendatory thereto, have been withdrawn from homestead entry under the provisions of Act 141 of the public acts of 1901 and appraised, and will be offered for sale at public auction to be held at the State Land Office, in the city of Lansing, on Thursday August 29th A. D. 1907, at ten o'clock a. m., and will become subject to purchase in the manner prescribed by law.

WILLIAM H. ROSE, Commissioner.

DESCRI'N SEC'N TOWN RANGE

Outlot No. 1 1 25 N 1W

Outlot No. 2 1 25 N 1W

Outlot No. 3 1 25 N 1W

Outlot No. 4 1 25 N 1W

1/4 of NW 1/4 1 25 N 1W

SW 1/4 of NW 1/4 1 25 N 1W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 1 25 N 1W

SW 1/4 of SE 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SW 1/4 of SE 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W

SE 1/4 of NW 1/4 14 25 N 4W



HONORABLE FUNCTION OF THE POLITICIAN.

By Eliza Root, Secretary of State.

We often hear remarks made which indicate an impression that politicians are rather a low set of fellows, with selfish aims and corrupt practices, who manipulate party politics for their own advantage, and that the less self-respecting gentlemen have to do with them the better.

If that is over the case, and it undoubtedly is the case at some times and in some places, it is always because at such times and in such places political control is allowed to go by default.

Another reason or excuse for not taking part in political affairs is the direct reverse of those that I have mentioned; it is that the party management is satisfactory; that matters go along very well, and that a man does his duty to his party if he supports its ticket with his vote, and perhaps contributes his fair share toward the payment of its expenses. This position can never be maintained.

None of these reasons for not taking part in party politics is ordinarily the real reason. The real reason is that men are unwilling to spend the time and the money and the labor necessary for the due performance of their duties as citizens; that they prefer to attend to their professions, their business, their pleasures, and allow others to govern them, rather than to take part in governing themselves.

They are willing to pursue a course which, if shared in by the rest of their countrymen, would bring our constitutional government to an immediate end, wreck our prosperity and stop our progress.

HOW WOMEN MAY RETAIN MEN'S RESPECT.

By Carmen Sylva, Queen of Rumania.

Women should never forget that they stand on a superior level, and when they place themselves on an equality with men they do but descend from those heights. It is the natural instinct of man to revere woman, first in the person of the mother who bore him, next in that of his wife, then again of his daughter, or it may be of the sister or sisterly friend who watches over his children.

It is not too much to say that, in all times and places, and under all circumstances, a truly womanly woman will hardly fail to obtain proper deference from men. In the hour of trouble, in sickness and fatigue, our husbands and our sons seem to us just such dear spoilt children, whom we must do our best to help and comfort, however inordinate the claims may be which they make on our sympathy and indulgence.

Young girls cannot too soon begin to prepare themselves for the hours of loneliness life must inevitably bring, and they should resolve from the first that when ever left thus they will spend the time profitably in acquiring useful knowledge, in enlarging their mental horizon so as to be able to share their husbands' pursuits and understand their aims, to become their worthy companions in every enterprise. For this no tremendous display of learning is requisite, that would often rather weary a man than not, instead of giving him the sensation of repose he seeks. One of the friends of my youth, an unmarried woman, whose skill with her needle was unrivaled, always had a book open before her while she worked, and whilst executing some lovely piece of embroidery of such graceful design and in such delicate colors that it looked like a water color sketch, she would learn all the finest passages from her author by heart. Thanks to this system, she was able to relate stories without end to young people without ever having to refer to a book.

RAILROADS AND THEIR EMPLOYEES.

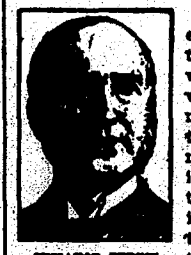
By Chauncey M. Depew.

While the railroad employees formed but a small proportion of the electorate at the time I became associated with the railroad forty years ago, when you add to the one and a half millions directly upon the pay rolls the men who dig out the ore from the mines and those who turn the ore into rails, flatboats, and spikes, and those whose finished product comes in the form of the cars upon the tracks, there are at least one-fifth of the voters dependent upon the railways for their living.

The demand upon the railroads of the country is now greater than they can answer. Conditions of ten years ago have changed, and the farmers who are now reaping in prosperity need more railroads to transport the fruits of their labor.

The railroad plant is insufficient to meet the demands of the country, and the country is growing more rapidly than railway mileage or equipment construction. I am not one of those who fear that socialism, or advanced radicalism, or untried theories put into unwise practice are to be carried into effect to such an extent as to produce financial or industrial paralysis. I believe that these great corporations should be under the rigid supervision of the States and of the general government.

Because of the present marvelous development the American people want railways built, and they believe that those who take the risks should have a fair return upon their money. The millions of people who make direct investments or indirect ones through their deposits in savings banks and other institutions, and that vast army of labor, comprising one-fifth of our electorate, who are dependent upon railway prosperity for their living, are the substantial basis of the safety of the present and the growth of the future.



SENATOR DEPEW.

HOW HORSES ARE TORTURED.



If you will stop to notice the character of the bits used on the horses you will get another view of the cruelty done to our faithful servants. And if you could make an examination of these bits and headgear, you would be more astonished than ever.

It would be impossible to estimate the suffering that horses undergo from high checking and from the weight of metal brought to bear on their frail underjaws.

The modern fashionable bit weighs two and a half pounds. The weight of that bit rests on the lower jaw, where the bone is the frailest in the whole anatomy of the horse. There are no teeth to prevent the big heavy bit from crushing the tender jawbone. At that point there is only a tuft. I have seen that lone tooth so sore and tender from where the heavy bit hit it that the horse could hardly be bridled at all.

Besides this two-and-a-half-pound bit, there is another bit in the horse's mouth, one to which the checkrein is fastened. The latest fashionable checkrein works on a pulley. Then, with a martingale fastened to the noseband and bellyband, the horse can't even toss his head higher, if it was a physical possibility, to get the temporary rest that that would afford him.

But we seem to be getting worse instead of better. The latest invention is a bit with a tremendous paw running back and squeezing the horse's tongue down so that he cannot move it.

This last effort of fashion, of course, is to keep the horse's tongue from lifting from his mouth when he is checked so high that in his agony he lets the tongue out to try some change to relieve the pain. Though the buldge in the seat of the carriage may have his tongue hanging out without showing that form, still for the hot, prancing horse to do it is simply intolerable!

If you want to imagine something of the agony of the modern fashionable martingale horse, go to any well-harassed place and lift the head stall with the bits in place. And any horse will go better with a plain snaffle bit. It is a one-tench that of the bit. It is the one-tench that of the bit. It is the one-tench that of the bit.

To a man with a little sense, probably the greatest annoyance in the world is a fool.

WHY FOOD FADDISTS THRIVE.

Enthusiastic Belief Adds Taste to the Hardest Digestion.

Much light has been thrown on the process of digestion in the last few years by the investigations of Pavlov, a Russian physiologist, and others. These investigations have changed very materially our views of this process and have served to explain many things relating to food, especially why it is that every food faddist thrives upon his particular diet, although it may differ in toto from that of his neighbor who thrives equally on his own regimen. Stories are told of dyspeptics, living for years on carefully selected food of the blandest and "most easily digestible" sort, and suffering misery, who suddenly conceived a longing for corned beef and cabbage and surreptitiously devoured a meal of it. To their delight as much as to their surprise, there was nothing to pay for this yielding to the promptings of nature; digestion was perfectly performed for the first time in years. Such stories are not always apocryphal; they may be founded on fact, and their explanation is the same as that of the success of the food faddist.

Pavlov found in experimenting on dogs that an abundance of gastric juice was secreted when they had food that they liked, even though this food was mechanically prevented from entering the stomach; whereas, when they were fed on things they did not care for, but could eat only when half starved, the secretions of gastric juice were very scanty. This he called the "appetite juice," the process in the stomach being analogous to the familiar phenomenon of "watering in the mouth," or increased salivary secretion caused by the sight or smell of savory food or even by the thought of it. He found also that the composition of the digestive fluids varied with the kind of food, each article swallowed calling forth, through some mysterious signals transmitted to the stomach from the tongue and palate as soon as they had tasted the morsel placed in the mouth, just the sort of fluid best adapted to its digestion. The enthusiastic appreciation by the dietetic crank of the unsavory food which he is persuaded will assure him strength and long life gives him a taste for it, and so the motherly stomach provides an abundance of gastric juice of the proper composition and thereby saves him from the otherwise inevitable consequences of his folly.

Three tired citizens—a lawyer, a doctor and a newspaper man—sat in a back room recently in the gray light of the early dawn. On the table were many empty bottles and a couple of packs of cards. As they sat in silence, a rat scurried across the hearth into the darkness beyond. The three men shifted their feet and looked at each other uneasily. After a long pause the lawyer spoke:

"I know what you fellows are thinking," he said; "you think I thought I saw a rat, but I didn't."

Six of One, Etc.

"Look at poor Mrs. Smith working that heavy lawn mower. Isn't it a shame?"

"Yes, perhaps it is; but listen to poor Mr. Smith putting the baby to sleep."

The New York fire department has two hundred fire engines still in use. They are stationed with engine company 49 on Blackwell's Island.

ARMY LACKS FIGHTING MEN.

Secretary War's Statement, Reveals Shortage in Recruits.

"There is something wrong with the army," said General Bell, chief of staff, in a Western speech.

The weight of opinion at the War Department in Washington is that Secretary Taft summed up the case when he remarked that the trouble with the army was there was not enough of it. Men can't be lured to enlist. The general staff has been compiling tables that bear out this statement. The tables that bear out this statement. The tables that bear out this statement.

There is a company of coast artillery by regulations required to number 105 men, which musters just eight enlisted privates in its ranks. Of course company drill with such a skeleton organization is impossible. This is only one of a number of such organizations, mainly in the coast artillery it is true; but every branch of the service feels the same decline.

Men will not re-enlist at the expiration of their first term of service. Pay outside the army is so much higher it attracts the most energetic soldiers to private life. Never before have recruiting officers found their work so hard and unprofitable. The demands upon likely young men for the rapidly growing navy has also developed a new competitor for the recruiting sergeant.

A special reason for the refusal of the coast artillery men to re-enlist is that they are obliged to do a large amount of mechanical work in caring for the complicated fortifications, dressed only in working overalls or jumpers and getting few opportunities to wear their soldiers' uniforms.

As to the other branches of the service, the men are being called on to do too much hard work which they regard as unnecessary. Particularly do they object to the long, hard, periodical practice marches carrying the full heavy field kit. Many desertions are traceable to this dissatisfaction. The staff is trying to find corrective measures, but some measures will require legislation to make them effective.

The "hikes" are made by direct order of the President, so the same authority can dispense with them or reduce the requirements. But it is certain that Congress must provide for a general and large increase of the pay of the soldier if the regular army is to be maintained at its authorized strength. Officers may be had, even though Gen. Funston has reported that a captain's pay is less than the wage of a plumber or house mechanic in California, but the War Department contends that the private soldier can no longer be kept in the ranks for \$13 a month while wages in civil life remain at their present standard.

RIVERS IN A RAGE.

Lives and Property Lost When Mountain Streams Break Banks.

The loss of several lives and great property damage have resulted from heavy rains throughout Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and West Virginia. The rivers and mountain streams are out of their banks, live stock has been drowned, bridges and buildings have been washed away, railroad tracks have been swept off or undermined, trolley systems demoralized, electric light plants put out of commission and hundreds of families compelled to abandon their homes and seek refuge on higher ground. In Pittsburgh the rivers have risen five feet in ten hours. Reports from above the city say that recurring storms during the last forty-eight hours have resulted in a precipitation of from three to four inches, which, being at the headwaters when they reach this city, may cause some damage not expected at present.

Parts of West Virginia have sustained heavy loss. Miles of track of the Western Maryland and the coal and iron railroads in Tucker and Barber counties have been washed away. The service on these roads is said to be at a standstill. The Dry Fork and Baltimore and Ohio Railroads are under water for many miles. In the Tygart Valley the towns of Grafton, Rowlesburg and Tunkleton are almost submerged, the damage amounting to nearly \$250,000. At Elkins the rainfall was five inches.

At McComb, W. Va., the home of Mrs. Mary Ballard was wrecked by the high water, and three young children were drowned. The bodies were washed away.

While hundreds of persons watched the raging Tygart River a church floated down past Rowlesburg. Fifteen bridges were counted passing Grafton.

News of Minor Note.

J. Arthur Kemp, chief clerk of the police department in Washington, is missing and a shortage of \$2,000 has been discovered in his books.

Probably the oldest dog in the State of Maine is Jack, owned by C. E. Freeman of Norway. Mr. Freeman claims that the dog is 32 years old.

American statistics show that the wall of a British scientist about the decrease in the size of the heads of the men of his nation does not fit Americans.

Consul General L. M. Ididgoff reports from Cairo that the contract for raising the Assouan dam in the Nile of Upper Egypt has recently been awarded to the firm who built the dam. The structure will be raised 23 feet and will cost \$7,500,000.

The "Tenderloin" police precinct in New York, known from the Battery to the Golden Gate, has been cut in two by Police Commissioner Biugman. A new station house has been erected in the lower half of the precinct and this was opened. No reason has been given for the change.

Owen R. Lovejoy, in an address before the American Institute of Instruction at Montreal, says that premature labor puts on the child a handicap from which he can never free himself.

The school authorities of the city of Plaidfield, N. J., have raised the pay of the teachers from 25 to 40 per cent without the least solicitation by the teachers or the superintendent.

Leaving their baby sleeping in a Hoboken hotel, Mr. and Mrs. Hendricks Van Buren of Iowa, heard a line for Europe. Mother, remembering the child as the ship is about to depart, delays it until she gets the infant.

Michigan State News

ODD MISAP MAY COST 5 LIVES.

Car Runs Into Load of Wheat, Burying Motorman Under Grain.

Two persons were probably fatally injured in a peculiar accident that befell an Interurban car while running thirty-five miles an hour two miles south of Niles. The car, well filled, struck a wagon loaded with wheat. A dozen sacks of wheat fell from the wagon over the car and buried the motorman, George Hoos. Peter Egan, 13 years old, who was riding on the wagon, was thrown against the front footboard of the car. For a moment the car stopped, and then plunged through the wreckage. Motorman Hoos, although covered by the wheat, managed to seize the boy as the car sped onward, dragging the lad's feet over the ties. A woman jumped from the car, but escaped serious injury. Dudley Shibley, an attorney of South Bend, whose car was bound, broke the front door in an effort to shut off the motor and rescue Hoos and the boy. Before he was able to remove the wheat the conductor stopped the car by throwing off the trolley poles and applying a hand brake on the rear platform. No one except Egan and Hoos was injured severely.

ERRORS COSTS SCHOOL \$145,000.

Michigan Normal May Be Forced to Close by Mistake in Bill.

Both work by the Legislature is likely to result in the closing of the Central Normal school at Mount Pleasant, according to a discovery by the Attorney General. The House appropriated \$145,000 for the normal, and the Senate amended by increasing it to \$154,000. The House refused to concur, and a conference committee recommended that the Senate recede, but sent back the bill to the House without changing the body of the bill, and the House did not pass it. The enrolled bill went to the Governor, calling for \$154,000, without either house having passed it. Auditor General Bradley has been advised that the Central Normal School cannot draw money, and it will necessitate the closing of the school unless the error can be corrected.

BRICK THROWN AT REFORMER.

Note Attached to Missile Is Warning to Pee of Liquor Business.

Because, as vice president of the Municipal League, he has been active in the strict enforcement of the liquor laws, a brick was thrown through the window of the residence of W. P. Harvey, a prominent attorney in St. Joseph. To the brick was tied a note, reading: "This is the first warning. Worse things will follow." Prominent liquor dealers of the city say they will subscribe to a fund to run down the thrower of the brick. This is the second time within a year that Mr. Harvey has been the victim of an attack.

CALHOUN TOBACCO GROWS.

Cold Weather Necessitated Transplanting, but Crop Is Good.

Last spring a large amount of tobacco was planted near Marshall, a number of farmers desiring to experiment. A Canadian expert had contracted to buy all that could be raised. The early cold weather has made it necessary to transplant all of the tobacco, but there will be a large crop and the experiment will prove successful. Farmers claim that it will mean much to them if they can raise tobacco, as it grows in soil which is of little value for anything else in southern Michigan.

FIRES RAGE IN MICHIGAN.

Timber Lands Swept by Flames—Farm Houses Destroyed.

Reports to Sault Ste. Marie from every direction tell of forest fires doing heavy damage. A report from Baber says that all the camps of the Mud Lake Lumber Company have been destroyed, as well as several farm houses. Flames sweep across the hills, driving all before them. Much live stock is also reported lost. Between Soo and Newberry heavy damage has been done by fires, which are still burning in the woods. The whole country is as dry as tinder and crops are suffering.

GREEN BUG DAMAGES OATS.

Wheat, Hay and Fruit Crops in Monroe County Disastrous.

The oat crop around Carleton is being greatly damaged by a "green bug" which is reported to exist in the Western States. The insect is found inside the stalk. The wheat crop looks good, but, upon examination, is found to contain a large percentage of chaff which was caused by the continued wet weather. Corn is in a poor condition. The fruit was ruined by the early frosts and for the first time in years there will be a great scarcity of all kinds of fruit.

BODY FOUND IN RIVER.

Either Murder or Suicide Caused Frank Osterman's Death.

The body of Frank Osterman, who mysteriously disappeared Dec. 12, was found in the river at Sault Ste. Marie. It is not known whether he was drowned or murdered and the body thrown into the water. When last seen he crossed the river in company with several friends Dec. 12, and landed on the Canadian Soo. Soon after he suddenly disappeared.

Battle Creek Has Fatal Fire.

Fire destroyed the main building of the Toasted Corn Flakes Company's plant in Battle Creek, causing a loss of about \$75,000. Three firemen were severely injured during the fire and a fireman was killed by a live wire.

Arsonist Is Drowned.

Charles Saun, an aeronaut, whose home was in Battle Creek, drowned in a fall from a balloon just as the balloon was about to land. Fifty boats were sent out from a nearby summer resort, but failed to arrive in time.

Killing of Boy Still a Mystery.

Efforts of the police have failed to furnish any clue as to the persons that killed 12-year-old John Bimler while he played with his companions in Menominee. It was at first thought the boy was killed by some boys on another dock, but they proved an alibi.

Grand Lodge, A. O. U. W. Quits.

Grand Lodge of Michigan Ancient Order of United Workmen has given up the fight for existence and will surrender its charter to the Supreme Lodge. It was so decided at a grand lodge meeting in Detroit.

HON. J. J. WOODMAN DEAD.

Few Paw Granger Had Long and Creditable Career as Politician.

Jonathan J. Woodman, one of the founders of the Republican party under the name of Jackson, in 1834, and for many years a prominent figure in the politics of the State and a national figure in the grange, died at his home in Van Buren county when it was a wilderness. Mr. Woodman's connection with the State grange began early in the '70s. In 1875 he was elected master of the State grange and held the office six years. The first year of the Civil War Mr. Woodman was elected a representative to the Legislature and he served consecutive years. He was chairman of the House committee on military affairs throughout the war, and it was during where he had a good deal to do in assisting in raising and equipping the Michigan soldiers for the front. He was Speaker of the House at the sessions of 1890 and 1891.

MEDIUM FOLLOWS FIRE.

Laundryman Killed and Five Buildings Burned in Fire at Lowell.

Following the warning given by a spiritualist medium to H. H. Reed, O. J. McClellan, a laundryman, was killed and five buildings were burned, with a loss estimated at \$10,000, in a fire in Lowell the other night. Reed was one of the heaviest losers. The fire started in the McClellan laundry about 2:30 o'clock and was well under way before it was discovered by members of the McClellan family. In trying to escape Mr. McClellan grasped a live wire and he was instantly killed. His wife, in trying to save him, was dangerously shocked. Lawrence Culp with difficulty removed her from the side of her husband. The losers are: H. H. Reed, two second-hand store buildings, insurance \$1,800; J. H. Hamilton, marble shop, insurance on building, \$200; Mrs. A. P. Hunter, two buildings, one occupied by laundry, insurance \$100; Mrs. O. J. McClellan, laundry, total loss, no insurance; Walter Gibson, household goods, no insurance; Jacob Heymann, household goods, no insurance.

SLEEP WALKER ROBS OWN HOME.

Woman Discovered in Act of Hiding Money Taken Unconsciously.

Mrs. Mills Manning of Detroit discovered that it was she who rifled her husband's pockets as he slept, abstracted his paper money, tore it to fragments, and hid the pieces in a woodshed. She also found that she had been stealing her own silverware, which was found with the destroyed money. Police who watched the house one night caught Mrs. Manning walking in her sleep, in the act of depositing a fresh installment of torn money.

Primary Law Man Is Out.

The opinion of Attorney General Bird to the effect that legislation was eligible to seats in the constitutional convention removes S. D. Dickinson, father of the primary law, who expected to take an important part in revising the election laws. Several Dickinson petitions have been in circulation around the county for several days.

Mackinac Island Home Burns.

The handsome summer home of E. B. Hart on Mackinac Island was destroyed by fire while the family were attending church. The house was built by the late E. F. Hansen and contained many heirlooms, all of which were destroyed. The loss is estimated at \$15,000.

Big Fish at Hackley.

To Ward Lester of the Hupp stock farm, at Birmingham, belongs the credit of securing the highest price ever paid for a Michigan brood hog. Lester sold the 20-month-old boar Ideal Martlet to G. G. Cornell of Vandalla, Ohio, for \$1,000.

Brief State Happenings.

Livestock county farmers will be short on oats, caused by rust, but chances are good for an excellent crop of rye.

Hobbers blew off the door of the safe of the Watervliet postoffice, but were frightened away before they could finish the job.

The 8-year-old son of Harry Beck of Buchanan is dead from lockjaw, which was caused by a toy pistol used on the Fourth of July.

A special from Richards landing says James Walker, aged 35, and Simon Coswell, aged 35, were drowned by overturning a rowboat.

Mrs. Orpha L. Drew is dead at her home in Mason, aged 77 years. For several years she had been partially blind, but the immediate cause of her death was paralysis.

H. J. Helix Co.'s agents at Holland declare that the pickle crop this year will be as large as usual, even though the weather conditions have been largely against it. Pickle growers are complaining about an insect that is devastating the pickle fields. It has been necessary in several instances to replant several times.

Young Snari of Sturgeon river, near Chassell, killed a bear weighing 218 pounds and measuring 6 feet 8 inches. Snari is 10 years old and an expert hunter. He got his bear the first shot.

The farmers in that section are complaining of the nightly raids that bears are making on their stock and poultry and they plan to organize and drive out the animals.

Harry Pepper, aged 15 years, and living at 510 Hastings street, Detroit, ran away with the Wallace-Hagenbeck circus and was picked up in Port Huron by Truant Officer Chambers. The boy told the officer that he was sick of circus life and would return to his home.

In Flint Jay Parks rushed into a burning building, belonging to George W. Burt, and led out a horse just as the roof of the building crashed in. Jay gained considerable notoriety four years ago at the Fourth of July, when he became entangled in the ropes of a balloon and took a drop of fifty feet.

Edward Herliog, Chicago, petitioned Judge Harmon in the Probate Court in Marshall to appoint a guardian for his brother James, formerly of Chicago, whose mind has become deranged as a result of the influenza fire, where his wife and five children were killed.

Manual training will be introduced in the schools next year at Chicago, this being the first village in Michigan to introduce this line of work in the schools and the experiment will be watched with interest. The proposition carried by a small margin and was made the subject of a lively discussion at the annual school meeting.

Europe and America have about 80,000,000 hives of honey bees.

Sheep Nonsense

"Why is Jones growing a beard?" "Oh, I believe his wife made him a present of some tin."—Punch.

"Do you think we should let women vote?" "Certainly. Why not? We let them earn money all other ways."—Life.

"So she's about to be married again. Do you know who is the lucky man?" "Yes, the dead one."—Detroit Free Press.

The Man—None of their relatives will speak to them since their elopement. The Girl—They ought to be a very happy couple.—Puck.

"I notice your daughter dances with such graceful, free movements." "They ain't free; she takes regular paid lessons."—Baltimore American.

Little Girl (after a domestic scene with her mother)—The best thing for us to do, mamma, is to agree to a separation.—Transatlantic Tales.

Duff—Boswell believes in the eternal staves of things. Cuff—That's so; he wouldn't run for a car if he had a walking suit on.—Town Topics.

"Willie Green," said the teacher, "you may define the word memory." "Memory," said Willie, "is what we forget with."—Philadelphia Record.

"Do you favor any particular school of music?" asked the lady. "Yes, indeed," replied the young man who lives in a flat. "I favor the pianists' school."—Puck.

Rector (showing a stranger the church monuments)—My grandfather has slept in this church for eighty years. Stranger—Is he living?—Yonkers Statesman.

Mrs. Neighbors—Are you aware that your new hired girl is a cannibalist? Mrs. Meadows—My goodness, no! She told me she was a Baptist.—Chicago Daily News.

Little Girl (telling of the Garden of Eden)—Yes, Mummy, Adam and Eve lived very happily there till the Evil One came in the form of a servant.—Canadian Courier.

First Little Girl—When you grow up are you going to advertise for a husband? Second Little Girl—No; I'm going to be a widow. They don't have to.—Harper's Weekly.

Mother-in-Law—Has the young man who saved my life yesterday called upon you yet? Son-in-Law—Yes, indeed, he has already made his apologies.—Filigande Blaetter.

Clam—You may not believe it but I said "No" to seven different men during the past winter. Mamma—Oh, I don't doubt it. What were they selling.—Chicago Daily News.

Mistress—Why don't you boil the eggs? Cook—Sure, I've no clock in the kitchen to go by. Mistress—Oh, yes, you have. Cook—What good is it? It's ten minutes fast.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

"May I ask your father for your hand to-night, Miss Ketchum?" "Can't you wait until to-morrow night, George? I think Charlie Chumpley is going to ask him to-night."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Anxious Housewife (startled by a crash in the room below)—There! Another of my best porcelain treasures gone. Husband—Never mind, dear; it has stopped the cook's singing.—Portland Oregonian.

Voice from the parlor—Mary Ann, did you get the milk for the children and Fido in separate bottles? Mary Ann—Yes, ma'am. The voice—Have Fido's milk sterilized. Mary Ann—Yes, ma'am.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Geck (who has already wearied the guests with many songs)—Now I will sing you one more song and then go home. Lady—Parlous me, but do you attach much importance to the order of your program?—Filigande Blaetter.

"Do you think you will learn to like your titled son-in-law?" "I don't know," answered Mr. Cunnors. "I can't quite tell where to place him in my expense account. He is neither a recreation nor an investment."—Washington Star.

Mrs. Scraggington (in the midst of her reading)—Here is an item which says that full-grown rhinoceroses cost \$12,000 apiece. Mr. Scraggington (meanly)—Eh-yah! And isn't it a pity that women can't wear them on their hats?—Smart Set.

Shy on Smells.

"Great Scott! what do you call these, Helen?" asked Dan Foss. He was gazing curiously at an elaborately garnished platter, which held two tiny fish.

"You wanted smelts. I didn't know how big they were; I never heard of smelts in the West. You know I got two mackerel last week, and they made a nice little meal, so I thought two smelts would be enough. Our farm man's been so sarcastic since that day I phoned for a halibut and he explained a halibut was too large for two people—it occasionally weighed 100 pounds. To-day he began to be funny about the two smelts. I got fearfully dignified and hung up the receiver. The boy had gone before I looked at them. I knew right away, Dan, I had made a miserable blunder; only I boiled eggs, you see, to make out a meal."

"All right, little woman," laughed Dan. "They're a nice appetizer. Only, next time order twenty anyway; fifteen's about my limit on smelts."—Success Magazine.

Boston Newsboy.

New Yorker (in Boston)—I say there, boy. Make you an extra?

Boston Newsboy—I have an especial edition issued at 12 o'clock meridian, sir.—Yonkers Statesman.

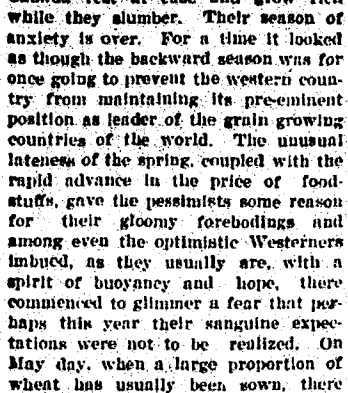
Watch any man long enough, and you will see him make a mighty bad break.

Europe and America have about 80,000,000 hives of honey bees.



## WOMEN WHO CHARM

Health is the First Essential Toward Making a Woman Attractive.



MISS HULDA KUGLER

There is a beauty and attractiveness in health, which is far greater than mere regularity of feature.

A sickly, irritable, and complaining woman always carries a cloud of depression with her; she is not only unhappy herself but is a damper to all joy and happiness when with her family and friends.

It is the bright, healthy, vivacious woman who always charms and carries sunshine wherever she goes.

If a woman finds that her energies are flagging and that everything tires her; if her feminine system fails to perform its allotted duties, there is nervousness, sleeplessness, faintness, backache, headache, bearing-down pains, and irregularities, causing constant misery and melancholia, she should remember that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will dispel all these troubles. By correcting the cause of the trouble it cures where other treatment may have failed.

Miss Elizabeth Wynn, of No. 205 8th Avenue, New York City, writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham—

"For months I suffered with dreadful headaches, pain in the back and severe nervousness. I was weak and out of sorts all the time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound helped me when all other medicine had failed. It seemed to be just what I needed and quickly restored my health."

Women who are troubled with painful or irregular functions, backache, bloating (or flatulence), displacements, inflammation or ulceration, that bearing-down feeling, dizziness, indigestion, or nervous prostration may be restored to perfect health and strength by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. From the symptoms given, the trouble may be located and the quickest and surest way of recovery advised. Out of her vast volume of experience in treating female ills Mrs. Pinkham probably has the very knowledge that will help your case. Her advice is free and always helpful.

Mrs. Pinkham's Invitation to Women.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham—

"For months I suffered with dreadful headaches, pain in the back and severe nervousness. I was weak and out of sorts all the time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound helped me when all other medicine had failed. It seemed to be just what I needed and quickly restored my health."

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. From the symptoms given, the trouble may be located and the quickest and surest way of recovery advised. Out of her vast volume of experience in treating female ills Mrs. Pinkham probably has the very knowledge that will help your case. Her advice is free and always helpful.

Mrs. Pinkham's Invitation to Women.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham—

"For months I suffered with dreadful headaches, pain in the back and severe nervousness. I was weak and out of sorts all the time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound helped me when all other medicine had failed. It seemed to be just what I needed and quickly restored my health."

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. From the symptoms given, the trouble may be located and the quickest and surest way of recovery advised. Out of her vast volume of experience in treating female ills Mrs. Pinkham probably has the very knowledge that will help your case. Her advice is free and always helpful.

Mrs. Pinkham's Invitation to Women.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham—

"For months I suffered with dreadful headaches, pain in the back and severe nervousness. I was weak and out of sorts all the time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound helped me when all other medicine had failed. It seemed to be just what I needed and quickly restored my health."

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. From the symptoms given, the trouble may be located and the quickest and surest way of recovery advised. Out of her vast volume of experience in treating female ills Mrs. Pinkham probably has the very knowledge that will help your case. Her advice is free and always helpful.

Mrs. Pinkham's Invitation to Women.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham—

"For months I suffered with dreadful headaches, pain in the back and severe nervousness. I was weak and out of sorts all the time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound helped me when all other medicine had failed. It seemed to be just what I needed and quickly restored my health."

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. From the symptoms given, the trouble may be located and the quickest and surest way of recovery advised. Out of her vast volume of experience in treating female ills Mrs. Pinkham probably has the very knowledge that will help your case. Her advice is free and always helpful.

Mrs. Pinkham's Invitation to Women.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham—

"For months I suffered with dreadful headaches, pain in the back and severe nervousness. I was weak and out of sorts all the time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound helped me when all other medicine had failed. It seemed to be just what I needed and quickly restored my health."

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. From the symptoms given, the trouble may be located and the quickest and surest way of recovery advised. Out of her vast volume of experience in treating female ills Mrs. Pinkham probably has the very knowledge that will help your case. Her advice is free and always helpful.

Mrs. Pinkham's Invitation to Women.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham—

"For months I suffered with dreadful headaches, pain in the back and severe nervousness. I was weak and out of sorts all the time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound helped me when all other medicine had failed. It seemed to be just what I needed and quickly restored my health."

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. From the symptoms given, the trouble may be located and the quickest and surest way of recovery advised. Out of her vast volume of experience in treating female ills Mrs. Pinkham probably has the very knowledge that will help your case. Her advice is free and always helpful.

Mrs. Pinkham's Invitation to Women.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham—

"For months I suffered with dreadful headaches, pain in the back and severe nervousness. I was weak and out of sorts all the time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound helped me when all other medicine had failed. It seemed to be just what I needed and quickly restored my health."

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. From the symptoms given, the trouble may be located and the quickest and surest way of recovery advised. Out of her vast volume of experience in treating female ills Mrs. Pinkham probably has the very knowledge that will help your case. Her advice is free and always helpful.

Mrs. Pinkham's Invitation to Women.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham—

"For months I suffered with dreadful headaches, pain in the back and severe nervousness. I was weak and out of sorts all the time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound helped me when all other medicine had failed. It seemed to be just what I needed and quickly restored my health."

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. From the symptoms given, the trouble may be located and the quickest and surest way of recovery advised. Out of her vast volume of experience in treating female ills Mrs. Pinkham probably has the very knowledge that will help your case. Her advice is free and always helpful.

Mrs. Pinkham's Invitation to Women.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham—

"For months I suffered with dreadful headaches, pain in the back and severe nervousness. I was weak and out of sorts all the time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound helped me when all other medicine had failed. It seemed to be just what I needed and quickly restored my health."

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. From the symptoms given, the trouble may be located and the quickest and surest way of recovery advised. Out of her vast volume of experience in treating female ills Mrs. Pinkham probably has the very knowledge that will help your case. Her advice is free and always helpful.

Mrs. Pinkham's Invitation to Women.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham—

"For months I suffered with dreadful headaches, pain in the back and severe nervousness. I was weak and out of sorts all the time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound helped me when all other medicine had failed. It seemed to be just what I needed and quickly restored my health."

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. From the symptoms given, the trouble may be located and the quickest and surest way of recovery advised. Out of her vast volume of experience in treating female ills Mrs. Pinkham probably has the very knowledge that will help your case. Her advice is free and always helpful.

Mrs. Pinkham's Invitation to Women.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham—

"For months I suffered with dreadful headaches, pain in the back and severe nervousness. I was weak and out of sorts all the time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound helped me when all other medicine had failed. It seemed to be just what I needed and quickly restored my health."

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. From the symptoms given, the trouble may be located and the quickest and surest way of recovery advised. Out of her vast volume of experience in treating female ills Mrs. Pinkham probably has the very knowledge that will help your case. Her advice is free and always helpful.

Mrs. Pinkham's Invitation to Women.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham—

"For months I suffered with dreadful headaches, pain in the back and severe nervousness. I was weak and out of sorts all the time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound helped me when all other medicine had failed. It seemed to be just what I needed and quickly restored my health."

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. From the symptoms given, the trouble may be located and the quickest and surest way of recovery advised. Out of her vast volume of experience in treating female ills Mrs. Pinkham probably has the very knowledge that will help your case. Her advice is free and always helpful.

Mrs. Pinkham's Invitation to Women.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham—

"For months I suffered with dreadful headaches, pain in the back and severe nervousness. I was weak and out of sorts all the time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound helped me when all other medicine had failed. It seemed to be just what I needed and quickly restored my health."

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. From the symptoms given, the trouble may be located and the quickest and surest way of recovery advised. Out of her vast volume of experience in treating female ills Mrs. Pinkham probably has the very knowledge that will help your case. Her advice is free and always helpful.

Mrs. Pinkham's Invitation to Women.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham—

"For months I suffered with dreadful headaches, pain in the back and severe nervousness. I was weak and out of sorts all the time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound helped me when all other medicine had failed. It seemed to be just what I needed and quickly restored my health."

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. From the symptoms given, the trouble may be located and the quickest and surest way of recovery advised. Out of her vast volume of experience in treating female ills Mrs. Pinkham probably has the very knowledge that will help your case. Her advice is free and always helpful.

Mrs. Pinkham's Invitation to Women.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham—

"For months I suffered with dreadful headaches, pain in the back and severe nervousness. I was weak and out of sorts all the time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound helped me when all other medicine had failed. It seemed to be just what I needed and quickly restored my health."

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. From the symptoms given, the trouble may be located and the quickest and surest way of recovery advised. Out of her vast volume of experience in treating female ills Mrs. Pinkham probably has the very knowledge that will help your case. Her advice is free and always helpful.

Mrs. Pinkham's Invitation to Women.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham—

"For months I suffered with dreadful headaches, pain in the back and severe nervousness. I was weak and out of sorts all the time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound helped me when all other medicine had failed. It seemed to be just what I needed and quickly restored my health."

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. From the symptoms given, the trouble may be located and the quickest and surest way of recovery advised. Out of her vast volume of experience in treating female ills Mrs. Pinkham probably has the very knowledge that will help your case. Her advice is free and always helpful.

Mrs. Pinkham's Invitation to Women.

Dear Mrs. Pinkham—

"For months I suffered with dreadful headaches, pain in the back and severe nervousness. I was weak and out of sorts all the time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound helped me when all other medicine had failed. It seemed to be just what I needed and quickly restored my health."

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to promptly communicate with Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. From the symptoms given, the trouble may be located and the quickest and surest way of recovery advised. Out of her vast volume of experience in treating female ills Mrs. Pinkham probably has the very knowledge that will help your case. Her advice is free and always helpful.

Mrs. Pinkham's Invitation to Women.

## THE BARGE OF HONESTY

On every wrapper of Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery because a full list of the ingredients composing it is printed there in plain English. Every one of our customers has proven its superior worth as a blood purifier and invigorating tonic for the cure of stomach disorders and all liver ills. It builds up the run-down system as no other tonic can in which alcohol is used. The active medicinal principles of native roots such as Golden Seal and Queen's root, Stone and Mandrake root, Bloodroot and Black Cherry bark are extracted and preserved by the use of chemically pure, triple-refined glycerine. Send to Dr. R. V. Pierce at Buffalo, N. Y., for free booklet which quotes extracts from well-recognized medical authorities such as Dr. Bartholow, King, Scudder, Coe, Ellingwood and a host of others, showing that these roots can be used safely for their curative action in all weak states of the stomach, accompanied by indigestion or dyspepsia as well as in all bilious or liver complaints and in all wasting diseases where there is loss of flesh and gradual running down of the strength and system.

The Golden Medical Discovery "makes rich, pure blood and so invigorates and regulates the stomach, liver and bowels, and through them the whole system. Thus all skin affections, blotches, pimples and eruptions as well as scrofulous swellings and old open running sores or ulcers are cured and healed. In treating old running sores, or ulcers, it is well to insure their healing by applying to them Dr. Pierce's All-Healing Salve. If your druggist has been unable to locate this salve in stock, send fifty-four cents in postage stamps to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., and a large box of the "All-Healing Salve" will be sent you by return post.

You can't afford to accept a secret nostrum as a substitute for this non-alcoholic, medicine or known composition, not even though the "secret" dealer may thereby make a little bigger profit.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. Sugar-coated, tiny granules, easy to take as candy.

The New Optium Cure.

We put very little faith in the new specific for the opium habit, but its success in the region of Singapore equals that claimed here for Christian Science. As a result the importation of opium to the Malay States has been reduced from eighty to fifty chests a month and thousands have been cured.

The plant is a climber, botanically called Convolvulus sordidus. A decoction of the plant is put into two bottles, into one of which is added as much burnt opium as the patient is accustomed to use in a day. When he craves opium he is given two table-spoonfuls from the latter bottle and as much from the other bottle replaces it to fill the space.

This is now repeated when called for, but no new opium is added. The patient is cured in from ten to fifteen days. It looks like a plan for "tapering off," with the assurance that the medicine does it.—The Independent.

CARTER CO. VICTORIOUS.

U. S. COURT SAYS IT IS EXCLUSIVELY ENTITLED TO RED PILL FOR PILES.

The Carter Medicine Co., of New York, states that its exclusive right as owner of Little Liver Pills to the red package has just been again confirmed by two important decrees of the United States Circuit Court sitting at Trenton, N. J. It says: "The suit of the Carter Medicine Co., in that court, for an injunction restraining a certain (N. J.) pill manufacturer from using a red colored package for his preparation is decided in favor of the Carter Co. A similar result occurs in a suit to enjoin a retail druggist from selling pills in red packages. Both actions were contested."

"The court decides that the Carter Medicine Co. has for many years had the sole and exclusive right to the use of red-colored wrappers and labels upon small round packages of liver pills, and says that the right was acquired by the adoption of that color more than thirty years ago, and by its continuous use ever since. The defendant in each case is permanently enjoined from manufacturing or putting up any liver pills in such red colored packages, and also from selling any pills in red packages, except the genuine Carter's."

"The decrees direct the defendants, among other things, to deliver up to the Carter Co. for destruction, all infringing wrappers, packages, bottles, etc. The defendants are required to account to the complainant, and to pay the damages found due, as well as to the cost of the action."

While the Carter Medicine Company's sole right to the red package has been upheld by many previous adjudications, these decisions are considered of especial importance, in view of the high character and standing of the court which pronounced them.

FOUGHT IN A FOG.

A Duel in Which Neither Principal Could See the Other.

The most laughable duel ever fought in France was that which took place in November, 1878, at Plessis-Plage between Messrs. Gambetta and De Fourton.

Some heated words had passed between the two distinguished gentlemen in the chamber of deputies, for which, according to their ideas of honor, nothing could atone except a duel. The men met therefore on the field attended by their seconds and the surgeons.

A look over the field was enough to convince any one present that there would be no occasion for the doctors' services. A thick November fog hung over the scene—so thick, indeed, that one could hardly see his hand before his face. The arrangements for the duel required that it should be fought at thirty-five paces.

Nor was the fog the only circumstance that tended to place the combatants out of sight of each other. On the way to the field M. de Fourton is reported to have said:

"M. Gambetta has but one eye, and I am embarrassed, so the game will be about even."

It was, of course, rendered still more "even" by the fog. Neither man could see the other, and the sole danger was to the seconds and the doctors.

Almost miraculously the two bullets that were exchanged missed the persons in attendance. Everybody's honor was satisfied and the whole party went home. Gambetta said that the affair was as near to being a skirmish in the dark as anything he ever saw.—Philadelphia Ledger.

The coach in which the Lord Mayor of London rides on state occasions has been in use since 1787.

## BILLEK IS TO HANG.

CHICAGO WIZARD CONVICTED OF KILLING MARY VRZAL.

Crime for Which He Will Pay Penalty with His Life Only One of Series—Quick Decision by the Jury.

Herman Billek, self-admitted faker and mixer of mysterious potions, was found guilty of murdering Mary Vrzal, 20 years old, by arsenical poisoning, and his punishment fixed at death, by a jury in Judge Barnes' court in Chicago.

Four other members of the Vrzal family met death by poisoning. They were Martin, the father, 18 years old, Rosie, 14 years old, and Ella, 12 years old. Five indictments were returned against Billek, and this was the first case to be tried.

When the verdict was read, Billek, who was standing against a wall near the jury box, staggered and put his hand against a pillar for support. After the usual motion for a new trial was entered the prisoner was led from the court room to jail. He refused to make a statement.

When the verdict was read Edna Billek, 9 years old, daughter of the convicted man, between sobs exclaimed: "They have deeded my papa."

Mrs. Billek fainted and was escorted from the court room by her sons, Frank and Herman.

On the other side of the court room Mrs. Emma Vrzal Niemann, the oldest Vrzal child, stood with Jerry and Bertha Vrzal. They cried when the verdict was read.

History of the Crimes.

Martin Vrzal was a milk vander, liv-

ing with his family at 677 West 19th street. When he met Billek in the summer of 1904 Billek informed Vrzal that a rival milk vendor was his enemy and offered to cast a spell that would protect Vrzal from harm. Vrzal agreed, and a potion of white fluid was brewed on the Vrzal stove and strewn across the gateway of the Donkey house across the way. For this service Billek accepted a loan.

Shortly afterward Vrzal became ill and Billek administered medicine to him. Vrzal suffered from symptoms resembling the effects of arsenic poisoning and died in a few days.

In July, 1908, Mary Vrzal, the eldest daughter, and for whose murder Billek was convicted, visited Billek and told him she was ill. He gave her medicine and she died from arsenic poison. In rapid succession the deaths of other members of the family followed.

Charged by her neighbors with a guilty knowledge of the manner of the deaths, Mrs. Vrzal swallowed chloroform and died Dec. 5, 1908.

Bankers After Express Men.

The express companies of the United States have been called to account before the Commerce Commission by the American Bankers' Association for "unjustly and illegally extorting upon the legitimate side of the bank."

They are also charged with using their influence as common carriers to discriminate against members of the Bankers' Association. All this, say the bankers, is a departure from the purposes for which the express companies were chartered.

Record Shipbuilding Year.

According to government reports for the last fiscal year, 1,668 vessels, aggregating \$10,896 gross tonnage, were built in the United States, this being a greater number than vessels and far greater tonnage than during any other year for half a century. The record shows a steady decline in the building of schooners and a corresponding increase in steamers, but there is now appearing a considerable number of schooners equipped with auxiliary motor power.

British Steel Rail Combine.

The principal English, Welsh and Scotch makers of steel rails are reported to have entered into an agreement with competitors in other lands so as to virtually control the entire world's markets. The United Kingdom and British colonies are reserved for the British makers by making the minimum price higher than that of South America, which is reserved for the United States, while the rest of the European market will go to the German, French and Belgian makers.

Forty thousand persons are engaged in the manufacture of stockings in England.

## EMPEROR OF KOREA ASSIGATES.

Given Up the Throne After Conference with Elder Statesmen.

The Emperor of Korea has abdicated formally after a long conference with the elder statesmen of the empire. After a secret all-night conference the Korean cabinet recommended to the Emperor that an emperor regent be appointed and that he proceed to Tokyo and apologize in person to the Emperor of Japan for having dispatched a delegation to the Hague peace conference.

Trace of the Teddy Bear.

When it sits up in its haunches, in a pose for catching flies;

When it spies you, my children, with its wicked little eyes;

When it reaches out carelessly, its forepaws in the air—

That is the time of peril, dear! No trace with the Teddy Bear!

The Conversation of Celia.

"Money talks," said the succinct person.

"Yes," answered Miss Cayenne, "and some of it seems at present to be quite gossip and scandalous in its remarks."

—Washington Star.

A FRANK STATEMENT

From a Prominent Fraternal Man of Rolla, Missouri.

Justice of the Peace A. M. Light, of Rolla, Mo., Major, Uniformed Rank, Knights of Pythias, Third Battalion, Second Regiment, Missouri Brigade, says: "I am pleased to endorse the use of Doan's Kidney Pills, a medicine of great merit. Having had personal experience with many kidney medicines, I am in a position to know where I speak, and am pleased to add my endorsement and to recommend their use."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-McMillan Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Mineral Wealth of the South.

About one-seventh of the mineral production of the entire country comes from the Southern States. Of bituminous coal, the most valuable mineral, the South produces one-fourth, and of iron about one-ninth. Its total coal resources amount to nearly 600,000,000 tons, or more than one-fourth of our estimated coal reserve.

Of mineral chemical materials the South supplies more than one-half, chiefly phosphate rock, all of which is produced in Florida, Tennessee and South Carolina, and nearly one-third of the mineral pigments. Of precious stones the whole country produces only \$225,000 worth, with the South furnishing its fair share.

The showing in iron ore reserves is quite as good; a safe minimum is 3,000,000,000 tons, or nearly one-third of the nation's total. Of workable iron ore the South contains one and one-half times as much as the famous Lake Superior district, and this does not include the deep lying southern ores.

On a basis of value of product the South furnishes more than two-sevenths of our oil and more than one-sixth of our gas.—New York Sun.

Talks as He Thinks.

Mr. Morley (who has been criticizing) "Now, don't be offended. You know, I always say what I think."

Miss Cutting—"You don't talk much, do you, Mr. Morley?"—Illustrated Bits.

WHAT ON CEREALS.

A Question of Interest to All Careful Persons.

Arguments on food are interesting. Many persons adopt a vegetarian diet on the ground that they do not like to feel that life has been taken to feed them, nor do they fancy the thought of eating dead meat.

On the other hand, the great consumption of partly cooked, starchy oats and wheat or white bread, pastry, etc., produces serious bowel troubles, because the bowel digestive organs (where starch is digested), are overtaxed and the food ferments, producing gas, and microbes generate in the decayed food, frequently bringing on peritonitis and appendicitis.

Starchy food is absolutely essential to the human body. Its best form is shown in the food "Grape-Nuts," where the starch is changed into a form of sugar during the process of its manufacture. In this way, the required food is presented to the system in a predigested form and is immediately made into blood and tissue, without taxing the digestive organs.

A remarkable result in nourishment is obtained; the person using Grape-Nuts gains quickly in physical and mental strength. Why in mental? Because the food contains delicate particles of Phosphate of Potash obtained from the grains, and this unites with the albumen of all food and the combination is what nature uses to rebuild worn-out cells in the brain. This is a scientific fact that can be easily proven by ten days' use of Grape-Nuts. "There's a Reason." Read "The Road to Well-being" in page.

Interesting News Items.

The largest icehouse in New England, containing 75,000 tons of ice, together with a large quantity of machinery and forty box cars, was burned at Southwick, Mass., causing a loss estimated at \$200,000.

The Spanish chamber of deputies has voted the electoral reform law, in which are embodied the clauses the previous law accepted of which by the government had caused the liberal deputies at one time to obtain from stamping paper in the work of the chamber.

In Germany sound-proof building blocks are made of a mixture of gypsum with sawdust, coke, dirt or ash. Some chemical skill is required to make the mixture.

Of the tuberculous patients treated in Pennsylvania's "Camp Sanitarium," which was established with the aid of the State, 75 per cent have either recovered or been greatly improved.

Just 10



**Food Avails.**  
The Department of Agriculture, charged with the enforcement of the Pure Food law, has begun to let down the bars. Because of the protests of the National Food association and the California fruit packers against the department's stringent regulations, the Secretary of Agriculture has modified them so that common salt, sugar, wood smoke, potable distilled liquors, condiments, sulphur dioxide, and sodium benzoate may be used, the last two in certain quantities. But it is these last two agents against the use of which there is serious objection, because if used at all, they are liable to be employed in greater quantities than are healthful. Possibly the department anticipated such possibility, for the Secretary prohibits the stamping of goods in which these agents are used as "pure," and denies the employment of the number of the formulae. The goods are not to be represented as conforming to the requirements of the Pure Food law.

**Republican County Convention.**

The Republican Electors of the County of Crawford, in the County of Crawford, are hereby notified to meet at the Court House in the Village of Grayling on Saturday, the 13th day of August, 1907, at one o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of electing three delegates to attend the convention of the 26th Senatorial District at the City of Gladwin, Michigan, on Tuesday, August 13, 1907, at 10 a. m., for the purpose of nominating three (3) delegates to the state constitutional convention to be held at Lansing, Michigan, commencing October 22, 1907.

The several counties in said district are entitled to representation as follows:  
Alcona, 3; Clare, 7; Crawford, 3; Gladwin, 5; Isosco, 7; Missaukee, 7; Ogemaw, 6; Oshtemo, 1; Roscommon, 2; Gay E. Smith, Chairman.  
Edwin Rawden, Secretary.

**Republican Convention.**

The republican convention of the 26th senatorial district of Michigan, is hereby called to meet at the court house in the city of Gladwin, Gladwin county, Michigan, on Tuesday, August 13 A. D. 1907, at 10 a. m., for the purpose of nominating three (3) delegates to the state constitutional convention to be held at Lansing, Michigan, commencing October 22, 1907.

The several counties in said district are entitled to representation as follows:  
Alcona, 3; Clare, 7; Crawford, 3; Gladwin, 5; Isosco, 7; Missaukee, 7; Ogemaw, 6; Oshtemo, 1; Roscommon, 2; Gay E. Smith, Chairman.  
Edwin Rawden, Secretary.

**The Death Of Mrs. Pingree.**

Mrs. Frances Gilbert Pingree, to whose quiet and unobtrusive influence the late Gov. Pingree owed much of his success in public life and in business, is dead. It was she who more than any other helped along Mr. Pingree when he first entered public life; it was she whose gentle influence restrained the impetuous governor when his feelings were apt to carry him further than was judicious; it was she who, in the quiet of the home, listened to the governors plans and encouraged him by her approval or showed him where they might be improved. Mrs. Pingree at that time was a greater influence in the affairs of the state than probably any woman of her day, and yet the influence was never made apparent. With that shrinking from publicity so characteristic of her English ancestors, Mrs. Pingree avoided appearing in public in any way. While she was the wife of the mayor of the city and the governor of the state, one of the most popular and well known men in the whole country, her picture was never paraded in the public prints; nor did there appear more than the barest mention of her on any occasion, and never with her consent. In the social as in the political world she who might well have taken a leading part contented herself with remaining in the background. Self-assertion seems to have been wholly eliminated from her nature. It was those only who met her in private life who really knew her for the devoted, loving mother, the warm-hearted friend, the true Christian lady. It was they alone who could appreciate her estimable character, her unselfish nature, and it is they who will grieve for her most. Detroit Journal.

**Letting the Bars Down.**

The Department of Agriculture, charged with the enforcement of the Pure Food law, has begun to let down the bars. Because of the protests of the National Food association and the California fruit packers against the department's stringent regulations, the Secretary of Agriculture has modified them so that common salt, sugar, wood smoke, potable distilled liquors, condiments, sulphur dioxide, and sodium benzoate may be used, the last two in certain quantities. But it is these last two agents against the use of which there is serious objection, because if used at all, they are liable to be employed in greater quantities than are healthful. Possibly the department anticipated such possibility, for the Secretary prohibits the stamping of goods in which these agents are used as "pure," and denies the employment of the number of the formulae. The goods are not to be represented as conforming to the requirements of the Pure Food law.

The idea of the Pure Food law was to protect the public from harmful poisons and preservatives. The law makes the law effective to be enforced by means of regulations that prevent employment of health dangerous agents. The law was not intended to be a source of profit for the manufacturers and fruit packers in their interests may be for the benefit of the consumers. However, the law has been used to the detriment of the public, and the law is being modified to let down the bars.

page effective regulations. Such regulations in small quantities may be very useful, but if they are at all these are should be absolutely prohibited, though the National Food association is forced out of business, and California fruit rots under the trees. The Department of Agriculture should not exist for a part of the people, but for all of them.

A San Francisco dispatch, dated July 22, says:—In a collision between the passenger steamer Columbia and the steamer schooner San Pedro off the Mendocino coast over 100 passengers lost their lives Saturday night. The Columbia was sunk and lies completely submerged in the deep waters of Shelter Cove. A latter report says that eighty passengers and crew of the Columbia were saved and that 150 were drowned. Captain Doran, master of the Columbia, stayed with his vessel and is among the lost. The collision occurred at midnight when all on board save the lookout and the officer on the bridge were asleep in their berths. The Columbia was steaming north at an easy rate bound from San Francisco for Portland, having left here at noon Saturday. Suddenly out of the fog loomed the dark hull of the steam schooner San Pedro, south bound, which was evidently out of her course.

The agricultural crop outlook is good and prices of products are profitable and satisfactory. There are no indications anywhere of crop failures. No information relating to material matters in our country could more than equal in importance to every section and to every home that which is included in the two foregoing sentences. Wars and rumors of wars are of lesser importance in material directions as compared with the status and outlook of the American farms and American farm products. Fires and floods and business disasters are important in their way, but they are mere incidents of misfortune so long as the outlook for the agricultural crops of the United States are good and the promise of prices satisfactory. Fair fortune and good luck are assured when we possess these happy expectations.

The customs houses at Antung and Tatunkon on the Chinese-Korean frontier, and at Dainy within the Japanese leased territory on Liaotung peninsula, are in operation, the latter since July 1. A cablegram has been received from the American legation at Peking, informing the department that the Chinese imperial maritime customs houses are about to be opened on the Chinese-Russian frontier. The agreement as to Dainy was made on May 30 by the Japanese minister at Peking and Sir Robert Hart, the inspector-general of the imperial maritime customs. In brief, it provides for the establishment of the customs house and prescribes rules for the navigation of the waters within the Japanese leased territories, being framed upon the agreement made in 1899 between China and Germany for the regulation of commerce within the German territory of Kiao Chou. The new agreement is to be revised next spring after local conditions and needs are more fully ascertained. The state department feels that these practical steps towards the restoration of the "open door" in Manchuria, in which the United States is so deeply interested, should be encouraging and gratifying to American merchants.

It was inevitable that any Tariff arrangement between this country and Germany, France or any foreign nation would lead to complaints from home industries affected by the agreement. Already the American Wine Growers Association is protesting against the reduction of 52 a case on champagne and 20 per cent on still wines from France and Germany. The association says the concession will make no reduction in price to domestic consumers. It will be a free gift to the foreigners, a loss to the national treasury, and a blow to the American wine growers. This industry under Protection has grown to considerable importance. In 1890 there were 117 establishments engaged in wine production and now there are 435. The capital invested has increased from \$2,581,910 in 1890, to \$17,775,240 in 1905. The output is more than ten times greater than in 1890. On the face of it such an industry would appear to deserve consideration leaving out of the question of wine-drinking altogether. The wine growers make out a good case against being further exposed to foreign competition, and no doubt other industries will be heard from when the effect of recent and contemplated Tariff compacts is understood. Congress is premature to receive remonstrances from many sources when it meets in December. Lowell "Citizen."

Our country's military and naval officials seem to be greatly disturbed over the fact that men wearing the uniform of the army or navy are discriminated against by proprietors of places of amusement and elsewhere. That is not an absurd thing, of course, but doesn't some of the fault rest with the wearers of the uniform. When soldiers exhibit the college-boy sort of lawlessness and assume that they are privileged to take liberties that ordinary citizens would not dare to take, they are making discrimination against them a matter of self-protection. Soldiers of our army have been known to go into a saloon, with their hands on their hips, and say to the bartender: "Give me a drink." The bartender would then be forced to serve them, and the soldier would then be able to drink at will.

because of the pattern, neither should they be given privileges or liberties not granted to all their fellow citizens

**Tariff and Foreign Trade.**

An exchange says that the Tariff cuts off foreign trade. In the light of the facts and figures on this subject the publisher of that newspaper should apologize to his readers for his ignorance or admit himself to be a monumental prevaricator. The Dingley Tariff law has been in operation ten years. In 1896 our foreign trade amounted to a total value of \$1,662,231,000. In 1906 it amounted in value to just under \$3,000,000,000. Ten years ago the excess of exports was \$102,000,000. Last year the excess of exports was over \$517,000,000. For a decade the excess of exports over imports was the rather handsome total of \$4,900,000,000. The current year is making as good a showing as any that is behind it.

When a citizen or a newspaper can look at the returns of our foreign trade since the enactment of the Dingley tariff law and then gravely assert that the law cuts down our foreign trade, though that trade doubles by decades, and is the marvel of the world, it is evidence of absolute ignorance or colossal mendacity.—Bay City Tribune.

**Something For Nothing.**

Probably never in the history of the United States were the newspapers so greatly besieged with applications for free advertising as at the present time. The requests come from every corner of the country, and the reasons given for the requests are as numerous and varying as the requests themselves. A "school for nurses is being established in Philadelphia"; a "home for consumptives" in Florida; a "home coming" in Boston, and three score other alleged charitable or pleasure enterprises are being planned, and the newspapers are solicited to supply publicity, without charge. In ninety percent of such enterprises a goodly corps of energetic Yankees are drawing fat salaries while they frame up delightfully worded letters to the country newspapers soliciting the aid mentioned. In the hospital, training school and other so called charitable enterprises there is a generous sized faculty presiding over the shoulder of the paid president or secretary and praying that a sufficient number of the country publishers will accept the elegant rhetoric to warrant them in drawing their salary for years to come. Encouragement to local charities is commendable and deserved, but the country publisher can well devote a little more time to considering whether he is doing justice to himself by contributing composition and space to the schemes herein mentioned.—Clare Courier.

That all the people of the United States are interested in the mob-like situation which has existed at San Francisco during the recent past is now quite evident. There is not the least danger of a war with Japan as the result of lawlessness in San Francisco, but there is danger of serious loss to our country in other respects. It has been truly said that most of the trouble with the Japanese at San Francisco was brought about by racials and rowdies. They sounded an alarm over the Japanese in order to attract attention from themselves. They made use of the cause of labor, always deserving of and certain of attention and sympathy, when sincere, to make it appear that their schemes were deserving of popular favor. And the San Francisco leaders of the anti-Japanese agitation were robbing the labor unions at the very time they were using them. American soldiers should never be compelled to give up their lives through the work of such demagogues. And they will not. Our problem in this matter belongs at home and can be disposed of without battleships.

An English trust to dominate the steel trade of the world. That an organization with that ambitious purpose in mind is in course of formation in England is announced from London. And here in the United States we have been told that we should change our tariff laws and make them more like England's in order to do away with trusts and monopolistic combines. To control prices and output is to be the purpose of the great English iron and steel trust. We are very glad that the American tariff laws will prevent any control of the iron and steel trade of the United States with a foreign-made product. If prices and output are to be controlled we would prefer to have them controlled in this country. It has worked better that way. England has no tariff on iron or steel, but it has the greatest iron and steel trusts on earth. Keep that in mind.

**Too Young.**

He was a beardless youth and the peachy down was on his cheek. "Darling," he whispered, "I beg of you to give me just one kiss. They are intoxicating." But the beautiful girl shook her head and withdrew to the far end of the sofa. "No Freddy," she replied in tantalizing tones, "I don't want to go anything unlawful." "Unlawful, Miss Rose?" "Yes, you know it is against the law to give kisses to minors." And then poor Freddy melted away and was seen no more at a Sunday school.

**Additional Local Matter.**

**Local's Local.**

Friday evening a lodge of Fraternal Brotherhood of 30 members was organized here by Capt. W. B. Crall. The following officers were elected and installed.

Past Pres.—Ellen M. Sweet.  
Pres.—Thos. W. Walking.  
Vice Pres.—Mrs. Irene G. Sjeldet.  
Sec.—Ray Owen.  
Treas.—Mrs. Mary B. Sims.  
Phys.—Dr. C. F. Underhill.  
Chap.—Mrs. Emma H. Bunce.  
Ser.—John Rankin.  
Mia.—Mrs. Mattie Harrison.  
Inside D. K.—Lewis McCallamore.  
Outside D. K.—Walter B. Bunce.  
After the installation of officers, H. U. Boyer, state deputy president of Kalamazoo gave a school of instruction. Since last Friday, seven more names have been added to the list of members, representing \$51,500 insurance. It is expected that at the next meeting they will be 55 members strong.

Marius Hanson was in town Saturday.

Mrs. Halem of New York arrived Saturday and is the guest of Mrs. Sims.

T. E. Douglas is doing a good job of grading the street near his store.

A. M. Hoogh and son departed Saturday for Toledo, Ohio, after securing three car loads of Norway stumps near here.

**\$20.00 Reward.**

The above reward will be paid for evidence that will convict the person or persons who have maliciously injured my boat on Portage lake.

FRANK AHMAN.

**The Charming Woman**

Is not necessarily one of perfect form and features. Many a plain woman who could never serve as an artist's model, possesses those rare qualities that all the world admires: neatness, clear eyes, clean smooth skin and that sprightliness of step and action that accompany good health. A physically weak woman is never attractive, not even to herself. Electric Bitters restore weak women, give strong nerves, bright eyes, smooth, velvety skin, beautiful complexion. Guaranteed at L. Fournier Druggist 50c.

**Frederic Freaks.**

C. H. O'Neil and wife are taking their summer vacation at Richmondville, at the material home.

Dr. Murry, a graduate of the University will look after the health of the surrounding country in the Dr.'s absence.

Mr. and Mrs. Fitzgerald are entertaining a number of friends from Pittsburgh.

Mrs. Ingila is visiting her daughter, Mrs. McDonald at Petoskey.

Miss Lizzie McCracken is visiting at Frankfort with her sister and brother, representative Bunting of Leelanaw county.

The mill has shut down for repairs.

J. J. Higgins was home for a short stay over Sunday.

Mrs. Blacken of Battle Creek visited here recently.

C. D. Smith returned from Bay City Saturday.

Those people who are visiting Henry Ward's cherry orchard better look out a little or it might go hard with them.

Mrs. Charles Blaine a former resident here died at Alpena last week, soon after the birth of twin daughters neither of which survived.

**Proposals Wanted.**

By action of the Board of Supervisors this committee was authorized to receive bids for the purchase of the county poor house property, and to receive options for the purchase of forty acres of land within one mile from the village of Grayling, to be purchased by the county for a poor farm.

Therefore, such bids and options will be received, sealed and delivered to the County Clerk, and including July 27th for the consideration of the Board of Supervisors, who reserve the right to reject any or all bids or options.

Dated, July 9, 1907.

JOHN F. HUM,  
CHARLES E. SILSBY,  
CHARLES CRAVEN,  
Committee.

July 11-31

**Notice.**

The tax roll for the village of Grayling is in my hands for collection, and I am ready to receive taxes every day.

H. HANSON,  
Village Treasurer.

July 11-31

**PITTSBURGH**

**PERFECT FENCES**  
ELECTRICALLY WELDED  
Made exclusively by the  
PITTSBURGH STEEL CO.  
PITTSBURGH, PA.,

are enjoying phenomenal success, and are conceded to be far superior to any other fencing on the market. Thousands of pleased fence users will testify that the "Pittsburgh Perfect" Electrically Welded Fence.

Will stand ordinary as well as hard usage.

Will not sag in Summer's heat nor break in the cold of Winter.

Is made of the best material for fencing purposes.

Has stays that will not slip, nor can they be moved out of place.

Will conform to the most uneven ground and can be erected over hills and through valleys as well as on level ground.

Has no slack wires to spoil the appearance as well as the efficiency of the fence.

Does not require an expert to erect. Is low in price.

Is now made with stay wires as large as the line wires.

A trade winner and a great seller is the "Pittsburgh Perfect" Poultry and Garden Fence, as it has solved the problem of fencing Poultry, Horses, Hogs and Cattle with one style of fence.

For prices and particulars please call at our store.

**Salling, Hanson Co.**

**Tonsorial Parlors.**

E. L. Mettler, Prop.

Located opposite the Bank, Grayling, Mich.

Every thing neat and sanitary.

Agent for Witter's Laundry

Saginaw, Mich.

**What Would You Do**

If three good physicians should pronounce your case hopeless. If they should decide that you could not live longer than six weeks. And if you should get well, after using only \$12.00 worth of Dr. Miles' Heart Cure and Nerve, what would you advise a friend in like condition to do?

"I have to thank you for saving my wife's life two years ago. We had consulted with the doctor until the third doctor, like the two previous ones, said that nothing could be done for her; that she had better be taken home from the hospital to quietly wait her time, which would not be over a week at the most. I brought her home, and then I thought probably Dr. Miles' Heart Cure and Nerve might help her, so I got a bottle of each and some Nerve and Liver Pills and commenced to give them to her. We soon seen an improvement, and encouraged by this we continued giving the medicine. We gave her eleven bottles in all of the medicine. She takes it occasionally now if she feels the need of it in the morning, and has been for 4 years.

REV. P. MILLIGAN,  
Genda Springs, Kans.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. If it fails he will refund your money.

Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

**Presbyterian Church.**

Sabbath, July 28th.

Preaching service at 10:30 a. m.

Sabbath School at 11:30 a. m.

C. E. Meeting at 6:30 p. m.

Prayer meeting Thursday evening 7:30 p. m.

All cordially invited to attend these services.

FRANK H. LOCKER, Pastor.

**Long Live the King!**

is the popular cry throughout Europe and America, while in America the cry of the present day is "Long live Dr. King's New Discovery, King of Throat and Lung Remedies" of which Mrs. Julia Ryder Paine Testro, Kansas, says: "It never fails to cure a cough or cold." Mrs. Paine's opinion is shared by a majority of the inhabitants of this country. New Discovery cures weak lungs and sore throats after all other remedies have failed, and for coughs and colds it's the proven remedy. Guaranteed by L. Fournier Druggist. 50c and \$1.00 Trial bottle free.

**A Miserable Day.**

One of the days we remember with pleasure, as well as with profit to our health, is one on which we became acquainted with Dr. King's New Life Pills, the genuine purifiers that cure headaches and biliousness, and keep the system clean. 25c at L. Fournier Druggist.

1878. 1907.

The Pioneer Store

With you for over a quarter of a Century.

FIRST CLASS GOODS!

RIGHT PRICES!

Always Our Motto.

We are headquarters for

Groceries & Provisions,

DRY GOODS, FURNISHING GOODS,

SHOES, HARDWARE,

FLOUR, FEED,

LOGS, LUMBER, SHINGLES,

BUILDING MATERIAL OF EVERY KIND.

Farm Produce

BOUGHT AT HIGHEST MARKET PRICE.

Salling, Hanson Co.

If you

Want a New Suit

It will pay you to come to our store to buy it!

We can save you at least 40 per cent on every dollar you invest in a suit of Cloth at our store. Come now, while our stock is complete. Suits at all prices, from \$5.00 to \$20.00.

Ladies', Men's and Misses Shoes in Patents, Tan and Black, all the latest styles.

We have 200 Ladies' Skirts which we sell at greatly reduced prices between now and July 4th.

Ladies' White Lawn Waists, all styles, 50c to \$2.00.

We will sell all our summer lawns at very low prices.

Ladies' Silk Shirt Waists, all new and very nobby, \$2.00 to \$5.00.

Give us a chance, we undersell all our competitors.

A. KRAUS & SON.

Happy Colors

You know that there are colors which signify sadness, others which indicate happiness—but do you ever stop to think how often people are made sad or glad because of the colors?

You know that children and flowers thrive best in the sunshine. Why not have more sunshine in your own home, then—why not let us show you how to get it in the walls by using



ALL-STAR  
The Sunlight Wall Paper

By having your walls decorated with All-Star you will get more sunshine in your home, and your children and flowers will thrive best in the sunshine. Why not have more sunshine in your own home, then—why not let us show you how to get it in the walls by using

SALLING, HANSON CO.

Job Printing

Promptly and neatly done.

At 115 N. 2nd St.



## Crawford Avalanche.

GRAYLING, THURSDAY, JULY 25

### Local and Neighboring News.

#### Take Notice.

The date following your address on this paper shows to what time your subscription is paid. Our terms are one dollar per year in advance. If your time is up, please renew promptly. A following of your name means we want our money.

All advertisements, communications, correspondence, etc., must reach us by Tuesday noon, and can not be considered later.

#### Back Combs at Hathaways.

Huckleberries are ripe and the promise is for a bountiful crop.

#### For fire insurance see R. W. Brink.

You make no mistake when you buy a fountain pen at Hathaways.

Our city officials should get busy and see that the obnoxious weeds in the city are cut.

#### The best enamel bath tub at SORENSON'S.

A pair of gloves were found at the ball grounds and left for the owner at this office upon identification.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Roblin and Master Robert started south today for a two weeks vacation.

For Sale—A number of good Milche Cows, worth the money asked. Fred Hoell.

Everybody likes China Lac. For sale by J. W. SORENSON.

Your eyes are your best friend. You can have them properly fitted at Hathaway's.

Make your old furniture look like new with a coat of China Lac. For sale by J. W. SORENSON.

Try "Avon Club" coffee, the best grown, 35 cents per pound at SOUTH SIDE MARKET.

Base Ball Goods for Men and Boys at Fournier's.

Look up our subscription offers, and arrange for your next years reading at once.

For sawing machines, the best in the market, and at the lowest price, call at the AVALANCHE office.

Rev. F. H. Locker reports a good attendance at the services each Sabbath afternoon in Beaver Creek.

To our advance paid subscribers we will send the New York Tribune Farmer for 50 cents. Regular price \$1.00 and worth five to any progressive farmer.

Try a sack of "Light House" flour. None better for as good. S. H. Co.

Miss Myrtle Wilson entertained 18 of her little friends last Tuesday, July 16 in honor of her fifth birthday. All had a jolly time.

The ladies of the I. O. E. will serve a 10 cent coffee Friday afternoon, July 26th, from 4 to 6 and ice cream will be served in the evening on the lawn.

A. B. Felling started for his new home in Monroe, La., last Tuesday, after a pleasant visit with family and friends.

If you are wanting something new in Post Cards, something artistic, original and high class. Call at SORENSON FURNITURE STORE.

For best bread use "Light House" flour. Money refunded if not satisfactory. S. H. Co.

Tuesday afternoon Rev. Blair pastor of the Reformed Presbyterian church of Utica, Ohio, was in town. Mr. Blair sails for Hong Kong, China, Sept. 10th.

Mr. and Mrs. Del Smith are enjoying the presence of Mr. and Mrs. A. Wade and their little daughter from Chicago. The ladies are sisters.

Frank Ayers and wife, Fred McDonald, Peter McNeven, Andy Smith and James Kelley attended the funeral of E. B. Gilkey at Bay City, the 18th inst.

"Light House" flour, the best in the market. Come and get a sack. S. H. Co.

We are glad to learn that Henry Ward has secured the services of Prof. Dean, late of the Agricultural College to take charge of his large orchard at Pontiac, and the larger one in this county. Mr. Dean will solve the problem here.

R. Reagan was hit in the head by a pitched ball at the game with the Wolverines last Friday, and was unconscious for ten minutes or more, but is on deck again and ready for another.

The Presbyterian Sunday School selected a bright sunny day for their picnic last Wednesday. The eighty people that assembled at Colleen's landing made the best of it and regarded it as a royal good time.

The supreme court handed down a decision Monday in which it holds that members of the present legislature are ineligible to become members of the coming constitutional convention.

Rev. E. W. Fraxee has returned from his vacation and there will be regular services at the M. E. church. Next Sunday will be quarterly meeting, Rev. L. N. Moon, P. E. will preach in the morning. The pastor will occupy the pulpit in the evening. The quarterly conference will be held on Saturday evening.

The latest reports give the 4th of July casualties as 59 dead and 3,907 injured in the United States. It costs something to make the eagle scream.

Mrs. John Deane, sister of Mrs. Gilkey, and formerly a resident here, came to Bay City last week with her husband and son to attend the funeral of Mr. Gilkey.

FOR SALE—Household goods, two new iron beds, mattresses, two heating stoves, cook stove, kitchen utensils, chairs, new sewing machine. Address MRS. JOHN L. HANNES.

The Ladies' Union of the Presbyterian church, who are the exclusive agents of the "Wonder Washing Wafers," have them for sale at Mrs. Tillie Sparks'.

"Why," asked a Missouri paper, "does Missouri stand at the head in raising mules?" "Because," said another paper, "that is the only safe place to stand."—Reflector.

George Knecht, who has been in a Chicago hospital about a month suffering with a derangement of the kidneys, is reported improving and is expected to be home soon.

The Danish society held a their annual picnic at Nelson's landing on Portage lake last Sunday. The weather was threatening in the morning and remained cloudy all day, but it did not rain after all. All present report a pleasant time.

Willie McCullough is a dandy ball player and delights in the game, but he made a mistake last week in trying to catch a swift one with his nose. He got the ball all right but his nose lay over on his cheek. He is fixed up and will soon be ready for another.

A new hotel for Gaylord on the site of the old Mansard House is being considered by men of means. That a good hotel for Gaylord is a much needed institution goes without saying.—Gaylord Herald.

Our boys did it again, as was expected. The club came down from Wolverine the 19th in full war paint, after the scalp of the home club, but were obliged to return satisfied with 1 lone run to 11 for Grayling, Battery, Grayling, Dyer and Graham. Wolverines: Edwards, Goodwin and Cardinal.

Rev. L. Pillemer has received and accepted a call to the pastorate of the Presbyterian church at Montague. It is considered a very desirable location and Mr. and Mrs. Pillemer are receiving the hearty congratulations of the many friends they have made during their residence here, though regretting to part with them. All unite in recognizing in him all the attributes of a true Christian gentleman.

The Salvation Army officers and corps of Gaylord will be here Saturday, July 27th, to hold a meeting. The pastor of the M. P. church has kindly let the Army have the use of his church for this evening. An open air meeting will be held near the depot at 6.30 standard time after which the service will be held at the church. All are invited. Capt. W. L. Corvill will be in charge of both services.

They may talk of the south and the Pacific coast in the matter of straw berries, but we don't believe either of the above, or for that matter any other section can beat northern Michigan for size, flavor or general excellence of this delicious fruit when they are properly cared for as to cultivation, etc. Besides that, our crop comes on after the others are practically out of the market.

Fresh eggs, \$2 a dozen; milk, 50 cents a quart; bacon, 50 cents a pound; butter, 50 cents a pound; flour, \$6 per 100 pounds. These are the prices that Consul C. C. Cole, of Dawson, reports to the government must be paid in the Yukon territory of Alaska. "There is no article sold for less than 25 cents, no matter how trivial," says the consul, "as there is no money in circulation of a less denomination than that amount."

The Michigan Agricultural College is being deluged these days with complaints as to the condition of the oat crop, which in many sections seems to have been suddenly stricken with a sort of blight. The state entomologist in a bulletin just issued says a pestiferous little insect called a thrip, is responsible for the trouble, but he is unable to suggest a remedy or to form any conclusions as to the probable duration of the infestation. He thinks rains would lessen their ravages, but seems at a loss to know just what the little beggars will accomplish before they let up.

The Greening Nursery Co., Monroe, Mich., one of the largest nursery concerns in the United States, writes us that they want a good live agent in this section to solicit orders for their trees, shrubbery, etc. Experience not necessary. They offer good pay weekly, and furnish canvassing outfit free. We advise any man or woman in our community, who has some spare time to take orders to write them for particulars immediately. Mention this paper when writing. July 25.4t

An increase in railroad earnings of over six hundred thousand dollars for the month of May in Michigan and a gain in business of over two million dollars for the five months of the year up to the first of June, is an illustration of activity in Michigan which necessarily includes all the contributions of factory and farm and mill and mine of which the railroad business of our state is made up. No other indication of the status and direction of business affairs in Michigan could better represent the situation as a whole than this official declaration of the increased and increasing earnings of Michigan railroads.

### Old Engineer Passed Away.

After an illness extending over several months, Eyander B. Gilkey, aged 41 years, one of the oldest engineers on the Mackinac division of the Michigan Central railroad, died Tuesday evening at the home of his wife's uncle, Capt. B. W. Morgan, 111 Litchfield street, of chronic heart disease.

The deceased came to this city from his home in Grayling three weeks ago yesterday, and during that time was treated by six different physicians but without avail. He was widely known in this city and in every village and city along the line of the Michigan Central railroad.

Twenty-two years ago he entered the service of the Michigan Central in this city, and after about five years was promoted engineer. He was known to be one of the most careful men running on the division, being a man of unusual good judgement and skill in handling trains.

He was respected and esteemed among his superiors and subordinates alike and became noted on the division as one of the few men who was never disciplined for any accident or other difficulty arising from any fault of his.

Funeral services will be held from St. Mary's church Friday morning at 9 o'clock, under the auspices of the local Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

The engineers will meet at the residence on Litchfield street to attend the funeral in a body. The pallbearers will be William Keyser, M. Farrell, Thos. J. Doyle, Frank E. Ayers, John Hatchard and George Hornung.

The deceased was insured in the B. of L. E. for \$4,500. He is survived by Mrs. Gilkey, and two sons, aged 7 and 10 years respectively; his mother, Mrs. Mary Gilkey, and six brothers—Samuel of Portland, Me.; Stanley of Cleveland; Frank of Dallas, Tex.; Wilard of Bangor township, and Prescott and Ferdinand of this city.

Interment will be in St. Patrick's cemetery.—Bay City Tribune.

Mrs. H. C. Holbrook with her daughter, Mrs. Stewart and baby Grace returned from a ten days visit at Petoskey last Monday.

Mrs. Hazen S. Pingree died at her home in Detroit last Sunday evening, having never recovered from the shock of her husband's death six years ago. A son and daughter survives. She was 66 years of age.

Mr. Bradley amputated one of his fingers Monday morning while operating their power sausage machine in the new market. He is not pleased with the experience.

Complaint is made to the health officer, of garbage being dumped south of the village on the Beaver Creek road and on the road to Cheney. Some one better look a little out, for it is a violation of law which will not be tolerated, and the penalty is severe.

The dog law ought to be enforced. The brutes have been caught chasing cattle, outside of the village and as it is known that rabies is present in the state and that many cattle have died from the disease, dire threats are made against the dogs, some of which will meet a violent death if caught again chasing stock.

Mr. and Mrs. Keeler were in camp at Ingersoll's landing at the "U Need A Rest" cottage on the banks of the Ausable, with Mr. and Mrs. E. Van Dusen, Master Austin Van Dusen and Mr. James of Chicago, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Fralick of Bay City, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Bingham and children of Grayling. Trout were plentiful and all broke camp feeling they had been well supplied. "Till we meet again." Several found the waters of the Ausable very exhilarating but no arrests made.

The New York Central railway system has acquired through the Michigan Central railroad one of the most valuable logging and timber railroads in the state, the Detroit and Charlevoix line. The road is 44 miles long and runs through an extremely valuable timber tract in the northwestern portion of the state. The eastern terminus of the line is to be changed from Frederic to Grayling, Mich., which is a division point on the Michigan Central. It is said to be the intention to also build a short cutoff line a little southwest of Deward to Grayling, tapping another valuable timber section.

The most terrible accident ever on the line of the P. M. road occurred last Saturday, by a head on collision between a heavy freight and an excursion train loaded with passengers, at Salem, in Washtenaw Co. Over 30 were killed outright and over 60 seriously injured and taken to the hospitals in Detroit. Nearly all the killed were citizens of Ionia, as were nearly all the wounded. The freight train crew are blamed for the catastrophe.

Greater faith than ever before since this government was established now exists on the part of the great majority of the people that the laws of state and country will not be enforced against one class and withheld in behalf of another. It is yet true, of course, that wealth can secure the services of able attorneys, and great corporations can avail themselves of technicalities to sometimes delay the demands of justice. Occupants of the highest official positions our country bestows are now treated as ordinary criminals when they are found to have committed ordinary or extraordinary crimes. It is no longer a mere sentiment that all men are equal before the law in the United States. It is nearer to actual practical truth than ever before in the history of civilization.

# FREE!

We give absolutely gratis, for the asking, a twenty page booklet, giving valuable information on China Lac, how to use it and get best results.

China Lac can be used over old painted wood as well as over new wood, on soft wood and hard wood; for Linoleum and metal work it makes an economical and satisfactory finish.

Our free booklet will tell you all about it.

## Sorenson's Furniture Store.

For best bread use  
**SLEEPY EYE FLOUR**  
NO BETTER MADE  
FOR SALE AT  
**CONNINE & CO.**

## Something of Interest

You all know we handle jewelry, it is useless for us to tell you that, but do you all know that we have the finest assortment of Solid Gold Rings, in Baby, Misses, Ladies' and Gents', all styles and sizes ever shown in Grayling? Over three hundred to select from. Prices ranging from one dollar up.

Let us prove to you that we can and do sell a fully guaranteed Misses or Ladies' set ring as low as \$2.50, light mounting even lower.

Why buy cheap or gold filled rings when you can get them in solid gold for only a few cents more. Do not make the mistake thinking we handle cheap goods; we handle only high grade goods at reasonable prices. Give us a chance to make good if we at any time sold goods that have not given satisfaction. We do not make the goods, but have confidence in the ones that do.

### C. J. HATHAWAY,

Graduate Optician, Watchmaker and Jeweler.

## ROSCOMMON STATE BANK

—Roscommon, Michigan.

W. B. ORCUTT, President H. L. COX, Vice President  
HARRY J. COX, Cashier

DIRECTORS—W. B. Orcutt, J. B. Kiely, W. F. Johnston, A. J. Price, E. A. Gaffney H. L. Cox, George G. Brown.

# 4% DO THIS TO-DAY 4%

This is paid from the moment your money reaches us. Your savings are constantly on deposit earning good interest, yet you have the money in your possession ready for instance use when needed.

Money loaned on improved real estate and village property.

## COMMERCIAL PAPER DISCOUNTED.

Accounts of firm and individuals solicited.

Farm property insured against loss by fire, lightning and tornado.

## JULY THE MONTH OF GOOD THINGS.

July is the month most prolific in bargains and the largest part of the hot season as yet to come. Every article of summer wear will be sold at great reduction.

### COMING NOW

when goods of every description are now steadily increasing in value, it will pay you to lay in store of wearables at prices lower than we can buy them, next season.

### Mens' and Boys' Clothing

Consisting of suits, cravetts and top coats will be sold at one-fourth off regular price. Black and blue suits excepted.

### Straw Hats!

Mens' and boys' Straw Hats—the seasons newest shapes at cost.

About 6 dozen Mens' Outing Hats—variety, style, with fancy bands, worth 50c for 39c.

### Shoes and Oxfords.

White Oxfords for men, women and children at cost. Big reduction on all other Oxfords.

### Ladies' Waists.

\$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50 waists for 89 cents.

### Ladies' Skirts.

A genuine clean-up sale. We wish to dispose of every skirt. Plain blacks, blues and fancy at one-fourth off.

In fact every summer garment and article of wear, will be sold at a big price saving.

## Grayling Mercantile Co.,

Drugs.

Patent Medicines.

# Central Drug Store

N. POLSON PROPRIETOR  
"The Best Drugs."

## SOMETHING NEW

In Box Paper and Writing Material.

Come in and see our 25 cents Linen Paper.

## New and Nobby.

Bring us your Family Receipts. Prescription Work a Specialty.

J. A. MORRISON, Manager.

Candy.

Cigar

## The Boom Continues!

Lots sold on monthly payments.

Brink's Addition on the South side had more dwelling houses built on it in the past two years than any other two additions in the village of Grayling.

### Don't Pay Rent! Get Yourself a Home!

TERMS TO SUIT PURCHASER.

## W. F. BRINK.

### Exterminate Potatoe Bugs

By Using

### Pure Paris Green

—AND—

### BUG FINISH

FOR SALE AT

## FOURNIER'S DRUG STORE,

LUCIEN FOURNIER, Proprietor.



# The Avalanche

O. PALMER, Publisher.

CHICAGO, ILL., MONDAY, JULY 23, 1906.

## LOSS ON CRIMINALS.

LAWBREAKERS CAUSE EXPENSE \$1,200 A YEAR EACH.

Carrying for Victims and Pauper Classes Costs More than Nation's Wealth Grows—New York Murderers Is Liberated.

"This country spends \$3,000,000,000 annually on the criminal, pauper, and vicious classes, and the annual increase of wealth is only \$3,000,000,000. Does not that look as if the public were bankrupt?" This statement was made in a lecture by Dr. Charles J. Bushnell, who is conducting a model public playground in Washington. He is a graduate of Heidelberg university, and an authority on civic matters. Dr. Bushnell's figures are taken, he says, from reliable sources and represent years of careful study. He challenges anyone to dispute their accuracy. He and his wife have made a special study of what they call the "social illness" of the United States. Continuing, Dr. Bushnell said: "Why, the \$3,000,000,000 that this nation spends every year on its criminal classes equals the amount spent on all churches, public libraries, the Young Men's Christian Association, the Salvation Army, public hospitals, asylums for the insane and all benevolent institutions. The average factory hand earns \$440 a year, while it is estimated that the average criminal costs the public at least \$1,200 a year."

## BASE BALL STANDINGS.

Games Won and Lost by Clubs in Principal Leagues.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.	
Chicago	31
New York	28
Pittsburgh	24
Philadelphia	24
St. Louis	19

AMERICAN LEAGUE.	
Chicago	31
New York	28
Pittsburgh	24
Philadelphia	24
St. Louis	19

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.	
Toledo	53
Minneapolis	51
Columbus	49
Milwaukee	45

WESTERN LEAGUE.	
Omaha	54
Lincoln	48
Des Moines	44

## HELPED KILL GULDENSUPPE.

New York Authorities Release Mrs. Mack After Nine Years in Prison. Mrs. Augusta Mack, who was implicated in the murder of William Guldensuppe in New York in 1897, for which Martin Thorne was put to death, was released from Auburn prison the other day. She had served nine years and five months in prison. Mrs. Mack, together with Martin Thorne, a barber, was charged with the murder of William Guldensuppe on June 25, 1897, in a cottage at Woodside, L. I. Mrs. Mack turned State's evidence and confessed all the gruesome details of the crime which she and her sweetheart, Thorne, had perpetrated. The murder was a most brutal affair, the victim's body having been dismembered, the parts wrapped in oilcloth, and disposed of at various points.

## Kills Friend with a Bite.

John Kelly of Minneapolis is dead as the result of being bitten by a friend and the latter is in jail, facing a murder charge. In the meantime lawyers are puzzling themselves to decide whether or not a bite which may result fatally is a cause for prosecution for murder. The two men got into an altercation on July 4 and the bite was inflicted. Blood poisoning set in with fatal results.

## Confesses Coal Land Frauds.

W. W. Raibe, a mining man of Milwaukee, who was arrested on a federal grand jury indictment charging him and five others in connection with the Federal Coal Mining Company with alleged land frauds in Routt county, Colo., has given a signed statement to United States District Attorney Cawston, in which he goes into the details of the whole conspiracy to defraud the government.

## Horrible Pere Marquette Wreck.

Thirty-one excursionists met death and over seventy more were injured, many of them fatally, when an excursion train on the Pere Marquette Road, carrying almost 1,000 employees of the Pere Marquette shops at Ionia and members of their families, collided with a local freight train at Washburn Crossing, about two miles east of Salem, Mich.

## Threat Is to Cost Ten Cents.

Ottom thread, until a short time ago the most stable in price of all the staples, selling the country over for 8 cents a spool, is to be advanced again, so that the retail price will be 10 cents. On May 20 there was an advance which brought the market price to 6 and 7 cents. Ottoman thread for domestic use is manufactured almost exclusively by the combine.

## Says Three and Is Slain.

Heddy Southerton, a farmer of Nunica, Mich., craved by financial troubles, killed his wife, son and father-in-law and was himself slain by a neighbor.

## Attempts Suicide on Grave.

Mrs. Mabel Farner said to be an old sweetheart of Fred J. Magill, who, with his bride, is a prisoner at San Diego on a murder charge, was found unconscious on the grave of Mrs. Fred Magill, his alleged victim, in Clinton, Ill. She had taken strychnine, and had attempted at suicide may be successful.

## Gas Engines to Cut Coal Bill.

A correspondence writer from Washington that the United States geological survey has demonstrated that by means of the gas engine, or internal combustion motor, the country's coal bill will be cut \$100,000,000 to \$200,000,000 a year.

## Wannabes Again Free Lovers.

The stables on John Wannabes' estate in the Yorkville suburb, were destroyed by fire, entailing a loss estimated at \$100,000. The same loss was destroyed by fire last February, causing a loss of \$200,000.

## ANTHRACITE MINERS AT PEACE.

Settled with the Way They Are Treated by Operators.

It is announced by the anthracite coal operators that the miners are at peace. The settlement was reached after a long and bitter struggle. The miners' union, the United Mine Workers of America, had been fighting for better conditions and higher wages. The operators had been offering them various concessions, but the miners had refused them. Finally, the operators agreed to a settlement which provided for a 10 per cent increase in wages and better working conditions. The miners accepted the settlement and the strike was ended.

## WISCONSIN LAWS DRASTIC.

Legislature Adjourns After Enacting Many Important Measures.

The 1907 session of the Wisconsin Legislature, which has just adjourned at Madison, was the longest in the history of the State. Some of the bills enacted are of far-reaching importance. One of the most important is the "public utility" measure, which gives the railroad rate commission authority to regulate and control every public service corporation in the State. Among other important bills passed were the 2-cent railway fare bill and the life insurance measure. One of the latter requires the mode of selecting directors of life insurance companies, practically prohibiting proxy voting, and the other putting a limitation upon the expense charges in politics. Another law forbids the use of tobacco in any form by boys under 18 years of age in public places unless accompanied by parent or guardian.

## CALLS DOCTOR AND CORONER.

Well-to-do Man, 74 Years Old, Shoots Himself Through Heart.

After summoning a physician and the coroner to his home, Jason Bemis, a pioneer resident of Watonsville, Minn., the other night committed suicide in his presence. Shortly before 7 o'clock Bemis called his doctor and the coroner on his telephone and asked them to call on him at 7 o'clock. They kept the appointment, and Bemis, taking them to the back yard, explained that his heart had been troubling him lately. He then asked to be excused for a moment and walked toward the barn. When he had gone a few paces he drew a revolver and shot himself through the heart, dying instantly. He was 74 years old, and well-to-do.

## SLAIN BY TRAIN BANDITS.

One Man Killed in Hold-Up of Freight Train.

Two robbers held up a St. Louis and San Francisco freight train five miles east of Cherryvale, Kan., shot and killed O. J. Brown and severely wounded Otis Taylor, harvest hands. The victims were beating their way home to western Kansas after having worked in the wheat fields in the southern part of the State. Brown died almost instantly. Taylor was wounded twice, one bullet striking him in the left shoulder and the second in the stomach. He is in a serious condition, but may recover. The robbers escaped.

## Prison Labor Law Held Void.

The Werts law was declared unconstitutional by Judge John J. Blagden in Columbus, Ohio, on the ground that it is not of universal operation and that it is retroactive. It will be appealed. The law provides that not more than 10 per cent of the number of men employed in any trade in the State can be used in the penitentiary for like labor.

## Alaskan Bomb Kills Two.

Gen. Alkanoff, former governor, general of Tishia, Russia, Madame Gileboff, wife of Gen. Gileboff, and the coachman who was driving their carriage were blown to pieces by bombs thrown at their conveyance. A son of Gen. Alkanoff and a daughter of Gen. Gileboff sustained serious injuries.

## Salt Water Used to Kill Weeds.

The briny waters of the Great Salt Lake have been tried by the Oregon Short Line for a novel purpose and with remarkable success. The fluid has been hauled over the line and sprinkled upon the right of way. Under this treatment the weeds have withered to rise no more.

## Boy Stabbed Over Ball Game.

As a result of a quarrel over a baseball game, a 15-year-old boy, Fred Fligel, was stabbed in the stomach by a 16-year-old boy, Fred Fligel, who was a friend of his. The boy was taken to the hospital and is in a serious condition.

## Find Unknown Verbal Opera.

In a box of old papers in Verda's old home at Santa Anita, Italy, there has been found the manuscript of a hitherto unknown opera written by the great composer. In accordance with the will of Verdi the contents of this box were to have been destroyed.

## Oklahoma Election Sept. 7.

The constitutional convention in Guthrie, Okla., adopted the election ordinance calling the State election for Sept. 7, when State officers as well as the constitutional officers will be voted upon. Gov. Frantz will issue an election proclamation at an early date.

## Kisses, Then Kills His Wife.

A. O. Gholston, a well-known educator of Fort Smith, Ark., killed his wife and son by shooting them. The cause of the murder was jealousy. Gholston was arrested.

## Japs Settle Korean Capital.

Twenty-five Japanese and a number of Koreans were killed and many persons were wounded in fights in Seoul. Japanese troops have taken control of the city.

## Fatal Explosion on Battleship.

Eight men were killed and thirteen seriously injured by a powder explosion in the gun turret of the battleship Georgia during the practice of Capt. Goddard at the Naval Academy.

## Will Name Place for Babies.

Because fifteen babies have been born to two couples in Town Creek, Ala., in two weeks a petition has been made to the postal authorities to have the name of the village changed to Twelvemans.

## Retired Merchant Found Dead.

Following the death of a retired merchant, a body was found in the woods at Mount Kisco, N. Y.

## ST. JOSEPH TORNADO.

WRECKED HOUSES AND CROPS NEAR MISSOURI TOWN.

One Home Flies Away, Leaving Occupants in Cellar—Miss Mita Farnham Party—U. S. Mines Harbors of Pacific Possessions.

A tornado and tremendous rain did heavy damage in St. Joseph, Mo., and vicinity Thursday night. Houses were wrecked, street railway tracks torn out and cellars flooded. The family of Daniel Riordan, one mile east of the city, had a remarkable escape from death. The residence, two stories in height, was torn from the foundation and demolished. Riordan, his wife and three children had taken refuge in the basement. They were buried under the debris, but the wind lifted the house bodily from the foundation and none of the heavy members fell on them. Scores of houses were washed from their foundations in the city by the rain, which amounted to a deluge. St. Joseph lies in hills and the force of the tornado was broken. Sewers could not carry off the water and raging torrents flowed through the outlying parts of the city. Adam Zibowski attempted to wade one of these torrents. He was swept from his feet and rushed toward the Missouri river two blocks distant. He caught a telephone pole and clung there twenty minutes until rescued by a party of men with ropes. In Brookside, a low-lying suburb, a score of families were driven from their homes by water, which reached the windows on the first floor. A dozen residences were struck by lightning, but no fatalities are reported. The house of Fred Shoemaker, where a funeral party was caught by the storm, was struck by lightning twice and several persons stunned. Reports from farming sections east of the city say crops were leveled in the path of the storm and the loss will be heavy.

## BELL TELEPHONE LOSS FIGHT.

Court Decides It Must Grant Other Companies Use of Its Lines.

Judge W. H. Hunt, in the United States Court in Helena, Mont., rendered a decision of far-reaching importance to telephone users to the effect that one company may not withhold the use of its lines from another, even though it is competing. The Montana and Wyoming and the Mutual Telephone companies applied to the court for an order compelling the Rocky Mountain Bell company to furnish connections. This was resisted by the Bell company on the grounds that the lines were built for its patrons and not those of competing companies. Judge Hunt, however, found for the complainants and said he would name a commission to fix the division of charges when such use is made of connecting lines.

## DAKOTA TORNADO KILLS ONE.

Storm in the Neighborhood of Mitchell Destroys Houses and Crops.

One fatality resulted in the tornado which visited Mitchell, S. D., on a recent evening. All telephone wires were down, and no outside information reached there until the following morning. John M. Peace, living three miles north of Mount Vernon, had started to join his children, who had taken refuge from the approaching storm in a grove of trees near their home. When a hundred feet from the house the wind picked him up and carried him fifty feet in the air. In dropping to the ground he was terribly crushed, living but a few minutes after he reached his home. Some years ago Mr. Peace was prominent in Populist politics, and was a leader in the reform party. Two women were reported killed near Mount Vernon, but this has not been verified.

## MINA HARBORS IN PACIFIC.

War Department Hastens to Safeguard Hawaii and Philippines.

The War Department is working hard to mine the Philippine and Hawaii harbors without delay. Although officials deny there is any special significance to the present movement, and say they are merely expending \$300,000 appropriated for that purpose by the last Congress, it is known there is a desire to get the materials shipped early in August. No less than 494 mines will be put in Manila harbor and 209 mines in Subig bay. Two more searchlights are to be erected in Manila harbor and another in Subig bay.

## Plot to Blow Up Street Car.

Lewis Eastman and John N. Bennis, former motormen of the Birmingham, N. Y., Railway Company, two of the men who struck several months ago, were arrested last night. They were charged with plotting to blow up a street car. The plot was discovered by the police.

## One Mine Are Closed.

All the mines that ship ore to the Mississippi are closed at Duluth are closed as a result of the strike of dock laborers at the latter port. One day after the men went out on all the storage capacity was exhausted and the only work that can be carried on at the mines is stripping, which employs but a small percentage of the miners.

## Choice of Home Is Husband's.

"The wife may not choose where the family is to live, but must follow her husband, provided he treats her kindly," the Michigan Supreme Court said in a decision. The court set aside a decree of divorce recently granted by the lower court to Mrs. Anna Wisner, who applied for separation because her husband went to Mexico.

## Telegraphers Strike to Work.

The telegraphers' strike is settled. The struggle which began in San Francisco and Oakland, Cal., June 21 and threatened to tie up the telegraph wires of the country ended Friday when the striking operators on the Pacific coast almost unanimously agreed to return to work pending arbitration.

## Poo Cream, Ham, Cabbage; Dead.

Mrs. Margaret Whitaker of New York drank drunk draughts of tea water as she canned berries. Then she ate ham and cabbage and sliced cucumbers, with ice cream soda and candy for desert. She died of ptomaine poisoning in the night.

## Worshipping-Eddy Nuptials.

The wedding of United States Senator Albert J. Beveridge and Miss Catherine Eddy of Chicago, will take place Aug. 7 at the American embassy in Berlin, where Miss Eddy's brother, Spencer Eddy, is secretary.

## Returned Convict Is Liberated.

William January who was sent back to the Leavenworth prison as an escaped convict after leading an honest life for some years, has been set free.

## THE MONTANA LEGISLATURE.

The Senate Reels, Just Lament, a House of Representatives.

The laws passed by the last Legislature of Montana have been issued in book form by Secretary of State Yoder, and it is the opinion of lawyers and others that never before did a Legislature in any State have so many careless authors and incompetent enrolling and engrossing clerks. The result is that Montana has some of the most ludicrous laws that ever graced a statute book. In fact, so numerous are the errors that the Secretary of State was impelled to put this notice in the fly leaf: "The within are exact copies of the enrolled laws as the same reached this office, and neither this office nor the printers employed in the work are responsible for spelling or punctuation." The effect, it is thought, will not be serious, as the Supreme Court, in passing upon laws, tries to determine the intent of the Legislature.

One law was passed to prevent the sale of diseased meat, while the enrolled and engrossed copies thereof read "deceased meat." Thus, literally speaking, it is against the law for butchers to sell "deceased" meat, and if they obeyed it they would be compelled to drive cattle around to purchasers and dispose of them while alive.

A bill was passed relative to the measurement of hay. It provides certain rules for determining the amount "when it has been in the stack six months, provided it has been in the stack three months." The intention of the Legislature was to make allowance for shrinkage after the hay had stood three and six months.

Still another law requires boarding houses, restaurants and hotels using adulterated foods "not" to post notices in plain sight of patrons and customers, when its intention was just the opposite. Another law, dealing with the land question, refers to "parented" instead of patented lands.

## A UNIFORM INDIAN RELIGION.

Indian to Be Given Instruction that Will Not Betray Him.

A form of Christian religion that will not betray the Indian is being arranged now by experts in the Indian Department at Washington, and is to be introduced to the government Indian schools throughout the United States. The Indian bureau expects to have the form ready for introduction by the commencement of the autumn term.

The new policy will bar sectarian influences from Indian schools. At present ministers of all denominations are allowed to practice their respective creeds in the government schools, together with a particular kind of teaching and prayers. The result is that the Indian pupils become confused. They find the Lord's prayer read and printed in different ways and different constructions placed upon some passages of the Scripture.

Henceforward, however, after the uniform religious code has been introduced, only non-sectarian exercises will be permitted. Each denomination, however, will be allowed to instruct Indians who desire to embrace a particular faith, but there is to be no more competition among denominations for converts.

All Indian tribes originally had a form of religious worship, which was adhered to with surprising persistency. The attempts to convert the red man, however, have been unceasing since the first discovery of the American continent by white men. The first white man to live among the Indian tribes of this locality was a Spanish priest, who with the intention of converting the Indians, came into this country with Coronado during the seventeenth century and remained with the Pawnees. Eventually he was tortured and murdered by the people whom he sought to convert.

The bald-headed man's annual quarrel with the house fly has begun.—Washington Post.

The summer girl's quarrel has begun. Does she know how to handle it? Well, watch her.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

Dr. Wiley says it is not the pie, but the filling that one should be afraid of, as pies go these days.—Washington Herald.

Boston has put up the price of pie, but nothing can stop codfish and beans from going down in that town.—Washington Herald.

After the meat trust has been broken up by everybody refusing to eat meat, everybody will go barefooted to bust the shoe trust, of course.—Philadelphia Press.

Pittsburg suggests automobile street sprinklers. Well, there really ought to be a closer relation between the automobile and the water wagon.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

The finding of a Jamestown Exposition visitor \$20 for kissing a Norfolk girl has been quite generally denounced, but as Exposition prices go the amount is not high.—Philadelphia Press.

London experimenters find that motorizing catches the blood and gives good sleep. The tests were applied to those who ride, not to the men who get in front of the motor.—New York World.

From the amount of heat Old Sol has been giving out lately he has evidently had those spots removed from his face.—Washington Post.

For an impressive illustration of the meaning of the phrase "making up for lost time" just note what the weather is doing.—New York Tribune.

It is strange to hear that the mosquitoes are annoying the President at Sagamore Hill. What are the Secret Service men up to?—Philadelphia Press.

J. P. Morgan is declining for a \$3,000,000 art collection. He can afford it. He could buy a quarter of beef if he liked.—Nashville American.

Snake bite is said to kill some 22,000 persons in India every year. In this country millions resort to the cure before they are bitten.—Washington Post.

The New England man who has given \$20 to the Hartford Theological Seminary to be kept in a savings bank until it becomes \$1,000,000 is a believer in long-range generosity.—New York Tribune.

## FALLIERES SHOT AT.

NAVAL RESERVIST FIRES BULLET AT FRENCH RULER.

Neither Missile Finds Its Mark—Crowds Attempt to Lynch Shooter—Head of Republic Is Unmoved by Incident.

President Fallieres was shot at twice Sunday during the anniversary celebration of the taking of the Bastille. Leon Maille, a naval reservist, fired the bullet. Both missed the President. He had a narrow escape from lynching at the hands of the infuriated Paris crowd that witnessed his attempt to slay the head of the republic.

On account of the activity of the anti-militarists, who tried to organize a demonstration against the army throughout France, exceptional precautions were taken to safeguard President Fallieres. The attempt on his life occurred on Avenue des Champs Elysees while the President was returning to the palace from Longchamps, where he had reviewed the garrison of Paris in the presence of 250,000 enthusiastic persons.

Clemenceau with the President. Premier Clemenceau and M. Lanes, the President's secretary, were with the President in his landau, which was escorted by a squadron of cuirassiers.

The carriage emerged safely from the Bois de Boulogne, where the anti-militarists had stationed themselves with the intention of shooting the soldiers. It was descending the broad Champs

Behind the two wrecked locomotives six cars of the passenger train lay piled in a hopeless wreck. Four of the passenger coaches remained on the track undamaged and were used to convey the dead and injured to Ionia. One coach was undamaged, with only its forward truck off the rails. These were the rear five cars. The two coaches next ahead of these were telescoped. One of these was the smoker, where most of the victims were riding. The next car forward stood almost on end after the wreck, its forward end resting on the roadbed and the rear end high in the air upon the two telescoped coaches that had been following it.

Two coaches were thrown crosswise of the track and lay suspended from bank to bank of the cut high above the rails. Of the baggage car not enough remained to show where it had been tossed. Portions of the baggage car and of the locomotive tenders and freight cars were piled in an indescribable mass of debris.

## M. ARMAND FALLIERES.

Mysees amid the acclamations of the crowds thronging the sidewalks and shouting "Vive Fallieres," "Vive L'Armee," when at the corner of Lesseux street Maille, from the curb, fired two shots point-blank at the President in quick succession.

Almost miraculously, no one was hit. President Fallieres was cool and collected.

In the meantime two policemen seized Maille, who made no resistance. The police with difficulty prevented the crowds from lynching the prisoner, until a cordon of reserves came up and conducted him to the station. Then Maille refused to give any reasons for his act, saying:

"The revelations I have are so grave and serious that I will make them only before a magistrate for transmission to the chief of state. It is a matter between the government and me. I am the victim of many villainies."

It is believed that the man participated in the recent seamen's strike, and that his mind was unhinged by fancied grievances.

Maille appeared before an examining magistrate, and the authorities succeeded only in extracting from him a rambling statement about family persecution directed against him. It was in order to draw public attention to his grievances, he said, that he fired the shots.

## HER LIFE TO LEPROS.

Wife of Salvation Army Leader Would Go to Molokai Island.

Desiring nothing better than to spend her life in cheering the lives of hopeless lepers, Mrs. French, wife of Col. French, commander of the Pacific coast division of the Salvation army, has offered to go to the leper island of Molokai. Her husband also has a desire to devote his life to the lepers.

The Frenches have five children, ranging in age from 9 to 10 years. At present Col. French is absent on a mission work in Honolulu and is making arrangements for opening a leper mission.

## Christian Scientist Converted.

Clarence W. Byrne, a New York salesman, has been found guilty by the Court of Special Sessions of willfully neglecting to provide medical attendance for his little daughter, who died of pneumonia. Byrne is a Christian Scientist and says that he called in a healer of his church to treat the child when his own prayers failed to bring relief, as he had no faith in the medical doctors. Motion for a new trial was made.

## Notes of Current Events.

Prof. Stevon of Kansas declared unwritten law a menace to the nation and worse than duel.

Tommy Burns knocked out Bill Squires of Australia in the first round of a boxing bout at San Francisco.

Miss May Sutton regained the international tennis championship, defeating Mrs. Chambers of England.

Nine Italians, two of them women, were indicted at New Orleans for murder in the Lamana kidnapping case, in which the boy was strangled to death.

James H. Clerken, a steamer passenger on the steamer Alameda, which arrived in Honolulu from San Francisco, committed suicide on the passage.

In an altercation in the pool hall in Mill Creek, T. D. A. B. English, commonly known as "Bud," was shot in the region of the heart. M. L. Moore, formerly city marshal, is supposed to have fired the shot.

Hugh Kirkman, former lieutenant in the United States army, was discharged from the United States penitentiary at Leavenworth, his sentence of three years for embezzlement having been commuted by the President.

## THIRTY PERSONS DIE.

KILLED IN WRECK ON PERE MARQUETTE RAILWAY.

Passenger and Freight Trains Crash Together Near Salem, Mich.—Seventy Are Injured—Accident Due to Blunder of Freight Crew.

Thirty people are dead and more than seventy injured, many of them seriously, as the result of a head-on collision Saturday morning between Salem and Plymouth, Mich., when a Pere Marquette excursion train bound from Ionia to Detroit crashed into a west-bound freight in a cut located at a sharp curve about a mile east of Salem.

The passenger train of eleven cars, carrying the Pere Marquette shop employees of Ionia and their families—1,000 in all—to the Michigan metropolis for their annual excursion was running at high speed—said to have been fifty miles an hour—down a steep grade. It struck the lighter locomotive of the freight train with such terrific force as to turn the freight engine completely around.

The wrecked locomotives a few hours later lay side by side, both headed eastward. Only a few of the freight train's cars were smashed, and it was only a few hours' work to remove all traces of them from the scene.

## Coaches Are Shattered.

Behind the two wrecked locomotives six cars of the passenger train lay piled in a hopeless wreck. Four of the passenger coaches remained on the track undamaged and were used to convey the dead and injured to Ionia. One coach was undamaged, with only its forward truck off the rails. These were the rear five cars. The two coaches next ahead of these were telescoped. One of these was the smoker, where most of the victims were riding. The next car forward stood almost on end after the wreck, its forward end resting on the roadbed and the rear end high in the air upon the two telescoped coaches that had been following it.

Two coaches were thrown crosswise of the track and lay suspended from bank to bank of the cut high above the rails. Of the baggage car not enough remained to show where it had been tossed. Portions of the baggage car and of the locomotive tenders and freight cars were piled in an indescribable mass of debris.

Engine Crew Jumper One Dies. The freight train was moving slowly up the grade in the cut when the excursion flyer bore down on it. L. B. Alvord, engineer of the passenger, saw the crash was inevitable, and after letting the air brake jump, with his fireman, Knowles, Alvord escaped serious injury, but Knowles died of his hurts.

After the first frenzy of terror subsided the uninjured passengers began to give succor to those who were hurt and remove the bodies of the dead, which were seen on all sides, piled down in the debris.

## Bodies Taken from Wreckage.

The dead were placed in a row alongside the track, and the injured were made as comfortable as possible until the arrival of wrecking trains from Saginaw, Detroit, and Grand Rapids made it possible to send them to Ionia and Detroit.

The twenty-eight bodies first taken from the wreck were sent to Ionia and the injured were placed on two trains, one of which headed for Detroit, and the other for Ionia. There were about thirty-five injured people on each train. Later in the day the body of Ed Corwan







